

## Independent Auditor's Report

**To  
The Board of Directors  
East Hyderabad Expressway Limited**

We have audited the accompanying special purpose financial statement which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement, the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and Hyperion Package, which comprises of all the appendices and other deliverables as listed in the referral instructions (GRI) (referred to as the "Reporting Package") of East Hyderabad Expressway Limited (the component) a subsidiary of IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited as of March 31, 2018 and for the year then ended. This special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package has been prepared by the management of the component, in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (as stated in the GRI issued by the management of ITNL).

### **Management's responsibility for the Special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package**

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, other accounting principles generally accepted in India, policies & instructions as mentioned in the GRI and the formats of special purpose financial statements and Reporting Package issued by the management of the company to the components, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; application of appropriate accounting policies as mentioned in GRI; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements and the Reporting Package that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the instructions issued by ITNL management, Group Audit Instructions issued by SRBC & CO LLP (parent company auditors) and in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act 2013. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package are free of material misstatement. As requested by you, we planned and performed our audit using the component materiality specified in your instructions of INR 5.87 crores, which is different from the materiality level that we would have used, had we been designing the audit to express an opinion on the financial statements of the component alone.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amount and disclosures in the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, we consider internal control relevant to the component's preparation and presentation of the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes the evaluation of the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimate made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the purpose financial statement and Reporting Package.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on Special purpose financial statements and Reporting Package. The conclusions reached in forming our opinion are based on the component materiality specified by you in the context of the audit of the group financial statements.



## Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package of East Hyderabad Expressway Limited as of March 31, 2018 and for the year then ended give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view, in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Indian Accounting Standard prescribed under Section 133 of Companies Act read with the companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and the accounting policies as mentioned in the instructions, of the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended.

## Other Matter(s)

The Company has prepared a separate set of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2018 in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India on which we have issued a separate Auditor's Report to the members of the Company dated 27th April 2018.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2018, Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive income), Cash Flow Statement, and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued there under, as applicable;
  - (e) In our opinion, the aforesaid reporting pack comply with the recognition and measurement principle of the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with the relevant rules issued there under, as applicable;
  - (f) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2018, and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2018, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 1". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
  - (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position except those disclosed in financial statements.
    - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
    - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education And Protection Fund by the Company.

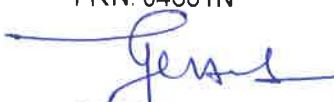


### Restriction on use and distribution

The special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package have been prepared for purposes of providing information to ITNL to enable it to prepare the group financial statements. As a result, the special purpose financial statement and Reporting Package are not a complete set of financial statements of East Hyderabad Expressway Limited in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework underlying the Company's accounting policies and are not intended to present fairly, in all material respects (or to give a true and fair view of) the financial position of East Hyderabad Expressway Limited as of March 31, 2018 and of its financial performance, and its cash flow for the year then ended in accordance with applicable financial reporting framework underlying the Company's accounting policies. The special purpose financial statement and Reporting package may, therefore, not be suitable for another purpose.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of S R B C & CO LLP in conjunction with the audit of the group financial statements of ITNL respectively and should not be used by anyone for any other purpose.

**For Gianender & Associates**  
**Chartered Accountants**  
FRN: 04661N

  
**G.K. Agrawal**  
**Partner**  
M.No: 081603  
New Delhi, 27/04/2018





# Auditor Report Based On Internal Control Financial Reporting (ICFR)

## ANNEXURE 1 TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

### Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of East Hyderabad Expressway Limited ("the Component") as of March 31, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Component for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Component's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on [the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Component considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India]. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Component's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Component's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A Component's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Component's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Component; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Component are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Component; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Component's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.



## **Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting**

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Component has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2018, [based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Component considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India].

**For Gianender & Associates**

**Chartered Accountants**

FRN: 04661N

  
**G.K. Agrawal**  
**Partner**  
M.No.: 081603  
New Delhi, 27/04/2018



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2018

EHEL-FFC

Particulars	Notes	As at		As at	
		March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-current Assets</b>					
(a) Property, plant and equipment	2		11,924		41,585
(b) Capital work-in-progress	2		-		-
(c) Investment property	3		-		-
<b>(d) Intangible assets</b>					
(i) Goodwill on consolidation	4		-		-
(ii) Service Concession Arrangements (SCA)	5		-		-
(iii) Intangible assets under development	5		-		-
(iv) Others	5		-		-
<b>(e) Financial assets</b>					
<b>(i) Investments</b>					
a) Investments in associates	6		-		-
b) Investments in joint ventures	7		-		-
c) Other investments	8		-		-
<b>(ii) Trade receivables</b>					
<b>(iii) Loans</b>					
(iv) Other financial assets	11		1,90,00,13,301		2,40,85,49,437
<b>(f) Tax assets</b>					
(i) Deferred Tax Asset (net)	21		-		-
(ii) Non Current Tax Asset (Net)	24	7,26,77,166	7,26,77,166	5,28,86,572	5,28,86,572
(g) Other non-current assets	14		4,85,56,151		4,85,56,151
<b>Total Non-current Assets</b>			<b>2,02,12,58,542</b>		<b>2,51,00,33,745.49</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>					
(a) Inventories	12		-		-
<b>(b) Financial assets</b>					
(i) Trade receivables	9	33,31,25,881		31,65,16,931	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	13	3,54,66,607		2,18,58,182	
(iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	13			10,12,34,001	
(iv) Loans	10		-		-
(v) Other financial assets	11	52,08,09,477	88,94,01,965	48,87,14,624	92,83,23,739
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	24		93,73,052		93,73,052
(d) Other current assets	14		2,16,919		2,59,068
<b>Total Current Assets</b>			<b>89,89,91,936</b>		<b>93,79,55,859</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>			<b>2,92,02,50,478</b>		<b>3,44,79,89,604</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Equity</b>					
(a) Equity share capital	15	29,31,00,000		29,31,00,000	
(b) Other Equity	16	21,77,60,112		35,59,29,892	
Equity attributable to owners of the Company			51,08,60,112		64,90,29,892
Non-controlling Interests	17		-		-
<b>Total Equity</b>			<b>51,08,60,112</b>		<b>64,90,29,892</b>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>					
<b>(a) Financial Liabilities</b>					
(i) Borrowings	18	1,43,58,81,044		1,19,08,83,199	
(ii) Trade payables other than MSME	23		-		-
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19		1,43,58,81,044		1,19,08,83,199
(b) Provisions	20		-		-
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	21		-		-
(d) Other non-current liabilities	22		-		-
<b>Total Non-current Liabilities</b>			<b>1,43,58,81,044</b>		<b>1,19,08,83,199</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
<b>(a) Financial liabilities</b>					
(i) Borrowings	18	37,11,81,430		91,85,13,973	
(ii) Trade payables other than MSME	23	2,47,35,182		33,97,969	
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	57,17,34,375	96,76,50,987	68,08,84,137	1,60,27,96,079
(b) Provisions	20		57,13,227		43,18,391
(c) Current tax liabilities (Net)	24		-		-
(d) Other current liabilities	22		1,45,108		9,62,043
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>			<b>97,35,09,322</b>		<b>1,60,80,76,513</b>
<b>Total Liabilities</b>			<b>2,40,93,90,366</b>		<b>2,79,89,59,712</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>			<b>2,92,02,50,478</b>		<b>3,44,79,89,604</b>

Notes 1 to 44 form part of the special purpose financial statements in terms of our report attached

For Glanender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N


  
G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603  
Place: Mumbai  
Date: 27/4/18




For and on behalf of the Board

  
Sreejith Narayanan  
Director  
DIN No. 07400833

  
Vijay Kini  
Director  
DIN No. 06612768

  
Nilesh Korde  
Chief Financial Officer  
Date: 27/04/2018

  
Rajendra Jatav  
Company Secretary  
Date: 27/04/2018

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31,2018

Rs. ₹

Particulars	Notes	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
I. Revenue from Operations	25	18,91,81,937	21,43,97,069
II. Other income	26	2,15,10,776	1,66,26,933
<b>III. Total Income (I+II)</b>		<b>21,06,92,713</b>	<b>23,10,24,002</b>
<b>IV. Expenses</b>			
Cost of Material consumed	27	-	-
Construction Costs	27	-	-
Operating expenses	28	3,14,82,104	2,99,42,883
Employee benefits expense	29	1,81,200	1,81,200
Finance costs (net)	30	30,15,58,935	34,04,21,789
Depreciation and amortisation expense	31	29,661	49,972
Other expenses	32	1,56,10,593	77,18,227
<b>Total expenses (IV)</b>		<b>34,88,62,493</b>	<b>37,83,14,071</b>
<b>V Profit before share of profit/(loss) of an associate and a joint venture and tax (III-IV)</b>		<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	<b>(14,72,90,069)</b>
<b>VI Less: Tax expense</b>	33		
(1) Current tax		-	-
(2) Deferred tax		-	-
<b>Total Tax expenses</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>VII Profit/(loss) after tax (V-VI)</b>		<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	<b>(14,72,90,069)</b>
VIII Add: Share of profit of associates (net)			
IX Add: Share of profit of joint ventures (net)			
<b>X Profit for the year (VII+VIII+IX)</b>		<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	<b>(14,72,90,069)</b>
<b>XI Other Comprehensive Income</b>			
<b>XII Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the year (X+XI)</b>		<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	<b>(14,72,90,069)</b>
Profit for the year attributable to:			
- Owners of the Company		(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)
- Non-controlling interests		(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)
<b>XIII Earnings per equity share (face value ₹ 10 per share):</b>	34		
(1) Basic (in Rs.)		(4.71)	(5.03)
(2) Diluted (in Rs.)		(4.71)	(5.03)
Notes 1 to 44 form part of the special purpose financial statements In terms of our report attached			

Notes 1 to 44 form part of the special purpose financial statements In terms of our report attached

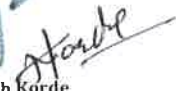
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

  
G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603  
27/4/18




For and on behalf of the Board

  
Sreejith Narayanan  
Director  
DIN No. 07400833

  
Nilesh Korde  
Chief Financial Officer  
Date: 27/04/2018

  
Vijay Kini  
Director  
DIN No. 06612768

  
Rajendra Jatav  
Company Secretary  
Date: 27/04/2018

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)**  
**STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2018**

Rs. ₹

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Profit for the year	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)
Adjustments for:		
Finance costs recognised in profit or loss	30,15,58,935	34,04,21,789
Interest income recognised in profit or loss	(2,15,10,776)	(64,94,645)
ECL	1,66,08,949	
modification gain and loss	(58,78,886)	
Income from financial Asset		(18,44,54,186)
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	29,661	49,119
	<b>15,26,38,103</b>	<b>22,32,008</b>
Movements in working capital:		
(Increase)/decrease in other financial assets & other assets (current and non current)	(1,65,63,149)	(2,95,82,197)
Increase/ (Decrease) in financial liabilities & other liabilities (current and non current)	2,19,15,114	(27,88,17,610)
	53,51,965	(30,83,99,807)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>15,79,90,068</b>	<b>(30,61,67,798)</b>
Income taxes paid (net of refunds)	(1,97,90,594)	(96,69,466)
<b>Net cash generated by operating activities (A)</b>	<b>13,81,99,474</b>	<b>(29,64,98,332)</b>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Increase in receivable under service concession arrangements (net)	47,86,52,320	64,10,57,117
Interest received	49,01,827	9,103
Interest Paid	(6,47,850)	65,17,802
Movement in FD	10,12,33,441	
	<b>58,41,39,738</b>	<b>64,75,84,022</b>
<b>Net cash used in investing activities (B)</b>		
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Repayment of borrowings	(42,03,03,973)	(19,26,82,000)
Finance costs paid	(28,84,26,815)	(13,50,19,001)
<b>Net cash generated in financing activities ( C)</b>	<b>(70,87,30,788)</b>	<b>(32,77,01,001)</b>
<b>Net increase/ (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)</b>	<b>1,36,08,424</b>	<b>2,33,84,689</b>
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,18,58,183	9,97,07,494
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>12,30,92,183</b>
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2018</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2017</b>
<b>Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>		
Cash on hand	3,660	6,892
Balances with Banks in current accounts	3,54,62,947	2,18,51,290
Balances with Banks in deposit accounts		10,12,34,001
<b>Cash and Cash Equivalents</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>12,30,92,183</b>
Less – Secured Demand loans from banks (Cash credit)(shown under current borrowings in note 18)		
Less – Bank overdraft (note 18)		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>12,30,92,183</b>

Notes 1 to 44 form part of the special purpose financial statements In terms of our report attached

For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

G K Agarwal  
Partner

Membership Number : 081111



For and on behalf of the Board

Shreejith Narayanan  
Director  
DIN No. 07400833

Vijay Kini  
Director  
DIN No. 06612768

Nilesh Korde  
Chief Financial Officer  
Date: 27/04/2018

Rajendra Jatav  
Company Secretary  
Date: 27/04/2018



a. Equity share capital	For the Year ended March 31, 2018	For the Year ended March 31, 2017
Balance as at the beginning of the year	29,31,00,000	29,31,00,000
Changes in equity share capital during the year	-	-
Balance as at end of the year	29,31,00,000	29,31,00,000

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2017

b. Other equity	Reserves and surplus						Items of other comprehensive income					Total			
	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Capital reserve on consolidation	Debiture redemption reserve	Foreign currency monetary items translation difference account	Retained earnings	Total	Effective portion of cash flow hedge	Foreign currency translation reserve	Defined benefit plan adjustment		Others	Attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interests
Balance as at April 1, 2015	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,32,19,961	50,32,19,961	-	-	-	-	50,32,19,961.00	-	50,32,19,961.00
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,72,90,069)	(14,72,90,069)	-	-	-	-	(14,72,90,068.72)	-	(14,72,90,068.72)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	(14,72,90,069)	(14,72,90,069)	-	-	-	-	(14,72,90,069)	-	(14,72,90,069)
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment of final dividends (including dividend tax)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Addition during the year from issue of equity shares on a rights basis	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer from retained earnings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Addition during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additional non-controlling interests arising on acquisition	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposal of partial interest in subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Premium utilised towards preference shares issue expenses and rights issue expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance As at March 31, 2017	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,59,29,892	35,59,29,892	-	-	-	-	35,59,29,892	-	35,59,29,892



Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2018

b. Other equity	Reserves and surplus					Items of other comprehensive income					Total		
	Capital reserve	Securities premium reserve	General reserve	Capital reserve on consolidation	Debt redemption reserve	Foreign currency monetary items translation difference account	Retained earnings	Total	Effective portion of cash flow hedge	Foreign currency translation reserve		Defined benefit plan adjustment	Others
Balance as at April 1, 2017				35,59,29,892.28			35,59,29,892.28						35,59,29,892.28
Profit for the year							(13,81,69,780.14)						(13,81,69,780.14)
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of income tax													
Total comprehensive income for the year							(13,81,69,780.14)						(13,81,69,780.14)
Payment of final dividends (including dividend tax)													
Transfer to retained earnings													
Adjustment during the year for cessation of a subsidiary													
Reversed during the year													
Additional non-controlling interests arising on acquisition of / additional investment in a subsidiary (net)													
Disposal of partial interest in subsidiary													
Premium utilised towards discount on issue of Non-Convertible Debentures													
Other adjustments													
Balance As at March 31, 2018				21,77,60,112			21,77,60,112						21,77,60,112

In terms of our report attached.  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N



G. K. Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number: 483503  
Place:   
Date: 27/04/2018

For and on behalf of the Board

Shreejith Narayanan  
Director  
DIN: 07400833

*(Signature)*  
Nilesh Korde  
Chief Financial Officer  
Place: 27/04/2018

*(Signature)*  
Vijay Kiri  
Director  
DIN: 06612768

*(Signature)*  
Rajendra Tatay  
Company Secretary  
Place: 27/04/2018

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IIL&S TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018  
Note 2: Plant Property & Equipment

March 2017	Deemed cost						Accumulated Depreciation				Rs.					
	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Opening Adjustments	Revaluation Increase/(Decrease)	Deductions	Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance at March 31, 2017	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Reversal of impairment losses recognised in profit or loss	Deductions	Eliminated on disposal of a Subsidiary	Depreciation expense	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2017	Carrying Amount As at April 1, 2016
Property plant and equipment																
Vehicles	5,88,583.00						5,88,583.00	5,61,811.00	-		-	21,758.00	-	5,83,569.00	5,014.00	26,772.00
Data processing equipments	2,00,449.00			(11.00)			2,00,438.00	2,00,426.00						2,00,426.00	11.00	23.00
Office equipments	1,93,998.00			(2,216.00)			1,91,782.00	1,90,132.00		(544.00)		2,165.00		1,91,753.00	29.00	3,166.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,72,632.00			(6,876.00)			2,65,756.00	2,03,487.00		(309.00)		25,048.00		2,29,226.00	36,530.00	1,69,145.00
Subtotal	12,55,662.00			(9,103.00)			12,46,559.00	11,55,856.00		(853.00)		49,971.00		12,04,974.00	41,585.00	99,806.00
Capital work-in-progress																
Total	12,55,662.00			(9,103.00)			12,46,559.00	11,55,856.00		(853.00)		49,971.00		12,04,974.00	41,585.00	99,806.00

March 2018	Deemed cost						Accumulated Depreciation				Rs.					
	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Opening Adjustments	Additions	Deductions	Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance at March 31, 2018	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Opening Adjustments	Deductions	Eliminated on disposal of a Subsidiary	Depreciation expense	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2018	Carrying Amount As at March 31, 2017
Property plant and equipment																
Vehicles	5,88,583.00						5,88,583.00	5,83,569.00				4,853.00		5,88,422.00	161.00	5,014.00
Data processing equipments	2,00,449.00						2,00,438.00	2,00,426.00						2,00,426.00	12.00	12.00
Office equipments	1,93,998.00						1,91,782.00	1,91,753.00						1,91,753.00	29.00	29.00
Furniture and fixtures	2,72,632.00						2,65,756.00	2,29,226.00				24,808.00		2,54,034.00	11,722.00	36,530.00
Subtotal	12,46,559.00						12,46,559.00	12,04,974.00				29,661.00		12,34,635.00	11,924.00	41,585.00
Capital work-in-progress																
Total	12,46,559.00						12,46,559.00	12,04,974.00				29,661.00		12,34,635.00	11,924.00	41,585.00



# East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

Notes to the financial statements - as on 31 st March 2017

## General Information & Significant Accounting Policies

### Note No-1

#### 1. General information

The Company was incorporated under the Companies Act, 1956 on July 5, 2007. It was issued "Certificate of Commencement of Business" on September 28, 2007. The Company is a special purpose vehicle promoted by IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited. The Company entered into a Concession Agreement with Hyderabad Urban Development Authority ("HUDA") on August 3, 2007. Under the terms of Agreement, the Company has obtained concession to Design, Construct, Develop, Finance, Operate and Maintain eight lane access control expressway under Phase II A programme as an extension of Phase I for outer ring road to Hyderabad city in the State of Andhra Pradesh on Build, Operate and Transfer (Annuity) basis (hereinafter referred to as the Project).

**Significant terms of Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) are provided below.**

Particulars	EHEL
Nature of Assets	Financial Asset
Year when SCA granted	03-08-2007
Period	15 years from Commencement date i.e. 10/12/2007
Extension of period	No
Construction	Completed
Premature Termination	Premature termination is permitted only upon happening of a force majeure event or upon the parties defaulting on their obligation.
Special Term	N.A.
Brief description of Concession	<p>As per the Service Concession agreement (SCA) dated August 31, 2007 with M/s Hyderabad Urban Development Authority ("HUDA") and Hyderabad Growth Corridor Limited, the Company is required to design, develop, finance, operate and maintain 8 lane access control expressway under phase II A programme as an extension of Phase I for outer ring road to Hyderabad city in the State of Andhra Pradesh, Build, Own and Transfer (Annuity) basis</p> <p>The Concession under the SCA has been granted to the Company for a period of 15 years from December 10, 2007.</p> <p>As per the SCA, the Company is required to operate and maintain the Project Highway by itself or through O&amp;M contractors and if required, modify, repair, improvements to the Project Highway to comply with specifications and standards, and other requirements set forth in the agreement, good industry practice, applicable laws and applicable permits.</p> <p>In consideration for performing its obligations under the SCA, the company is entitled to semi-annuity of Rs. 33.30 Crores on the dates specified. HUDA will retain the rights to levy and collect fees from the users of the Road and to permit advertisements, hoardings and other commercial activities at the Road site.</p> <p>At the end of the concession period, the company will hand over the Road to HUDA without additional consideration.</p>





## **Note No-2**

### **2. Significant accounting policies**

#### **2.1 Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards ("Ind AS") notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

Upto the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under the section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP). These are Company's first Ind AS financial statements. The date of transition to Ind AS is April 1, 2015.

#### **2.2 Basis of preparation and presentation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following asset and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

- Derivative financial instruments,
- Certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value (refer accounting policy regarding financial instruments),

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these [consolidated] financial statements is determined on this basis.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

#### **2.3 Fair value measurement**

The Company measures financial instruments, such as, derivatives at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:



- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable

Level 3 — Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

External valuers are involved for valuation of significant assets, such as properties and significant liabilities, such as contingent consideration.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of the nature, characteristics and risks of the asset or liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes.



### **Note No-3**

#### **3.1 Accounting for rights under service concession arrangements and revenue recognition**

##### **i. Recognition and measurement**

The Company builds, operates and maintains infrastructure assets under public-to-private Service Concession Arrangements (SCAs), which is an arrangement between the "grantor" (a public sector entity/authority) and the "operator" (a private sector entity) to provide services that give the public access to major economic and social facilities utilizing private-sector funds and expertise. The infrastructures accounted for by the Company as concessions are mainly related to the activities concerning roads.

Concession contracts are public-private agreements for periods specified in the SCAs including the construction, upgradation, restoration of infrastructure and future services associated with the operation and maintenance of assets in the concession period. Revenue recognition, as well as, the main characteristics of these contracts are detailed in Note 2.9.iii.

With respect to service concession arrangements, revenue and costs are allocated between those relating to construction services and those relating to operation & maintenance services, and are accounted for separately. Consideration received or receivable is allocated by reference to the relative fair value of services delivered when the amounts are separately identifiable. The infrastructure used in a concession are classified as an intangible asset or a financial asset, depending on the nature of the payment entitlements established in the concession agreement.

When the amount of the arrangement consideration for the provision of public services is substantially fixed by a contract, the Company recognizes revenues from construction services for public facilities (infrastructures) by the percentage-of-completion method, and recognizes the consideration as a financial asset and the same is classified as "Receivables against Service Concession Arrangements". The Company accounts for such financial assets at amortized cost, calculates interest income based on the effective interest method and recognizes it in revenue as Finance Income.

##### **ii. Contractual obligation to restore the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability**

The Company has contractual obligations to maintain the infrastructure to a specified level of serviceability or restore the infrastructure to a specified condition during the concession period and/or at the time of hand over to the grantor of the SCA. Such obligations are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure that would be required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date. In case of concession arrangements under financial asset model, such costs are recognized in the period in which such costs are actually incurred.



**iii. Revenue recognition**

Once the infrastructure is in operation, the treatment of income is as follows:

Finance income for concession arrangements under financial asset model is recognized using the effective interest method. Revenues from operations and maintenance services and overlay services are recognized in each period as and when services are rendered in accordance with Ind AS 18 Revenue.

**iv. Revenue from construction contracts**

The Company recognizes and measures revenue, costs and margin for providing construction services during the period of construction of the infrastructure in accordance with Ind AS 11 'Construction Contracts'.

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably and it is probable that it will be profitable, contract revenue and contract costs associated with the construction contract are recognised as revenue and expenses respectively by reference to the percentage of completion of the contract activity at the reporting date. The percentage of completion of a contract is determined considering the proportion that contract costs incurred for work performed upto the reporting date bear to the estimated total contract costs.

For the purposes of recognizing revenue, contract revenue comprises the initial amount of revenue agreed in the contract, the variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and they are capable of being reliably measured.

The percentage of completion method is applied on a cumulative basis in each accounting period to the current estimates of contract revenue and contract costs. The effect of a change in the estimate of contract revenue or contract costs, or the effect of a change in the estimate of the outcome of a contract, is accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and the effect of which are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the change is made and in subsequent periods.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract costs incurred of which recovery is probable and the related contract costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognized as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such probability occurs.





v. **Borrowing cost related to SCAs**

In case of concession arrangement under financial asset model, borrowing costs attributable to construction of the infrastructure are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

In case of concession arrangement under intangible asset model, borrowing costs attributable to the construction of infrastructure assets are capitalised up to the date of the final completion certificate of the asset / facility received from the authority for its intended use specified in the Concession Agreement. All borrowing costs subsequent to the capitalization of the intangible assets are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which such costs are incurred.

vi. **Claims**

Claims raised with the concession granting authority towards reimbursement for costs incurred due to delay in handing over of unencumbered land to the Company for construction or other delays attributable solely to the concession granting authority are recognised when there is a reasonable certainty that there will be inflow of economic benefits to the Company. The claims when recognized as such are reduced from the carrying amount of the intangible asset / financial asset under the service concession arrangement, as the case may be, to the extent the claims relate to costs earlier included as a part of the carrying amount of these assets. Further, these claims are credited to profit or loss to the extent they relate to costs earlier debited to profit or loss. The claims are presented separately as a financial asset

**3.2 Borrowing costs**

Borrowing costs are recognised in the period to which they relate, regardless of how the funds have been utilised, except where it relates to the financing of construction of development of assets requiring a substantial period of time to prepare for their intended future use. Interest is capitalised up to the date when the asset is ready for its intended use. The amount of interest capitalised (gross of tax) for the period is determined by applying the interest rate applicable to appropriate borrowings outstanding during the period to the average amount of accumulated expenditure for the assets during the period. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.



### **3.3 Taxation**

#### **Current tax**

Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The provision for tax is taken for each consolidating entity on the basis of the standalone financial statements prepared under Ind AS by that entity and aggregated for the purpose of the consolidated financial statements.

Current income tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Current tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax return with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets (including unused tax credits such as MAT credit and unused tax losses such as carried forward business loss and unabsorbed depreciation) are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.



The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss (either in other comprehensive income or in equity). Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in OCI or directly in equity.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

### **3.4 Property, plant and equipment**

Property, plant and equipment acquired by the Company are reported at acquisition cost, with deductions for accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

The acquisition cost includes the purchase price (excluding refundable taxes) and expenses, such as delivery and handling costs, installation, legal services and consultancy services, directly attributable to bringing the asset to the site and in working condition for its intended use.

Where the construction or development of any asset requiring a substantial period of time to set up for its intended use is funded by borrowings, the corresponding borrowing costs are capitalized up to the date when the asset is ready for its intended use.

All assets are depreciated on a Straight Line Method (SLM) of Depreciation, over the useful life of assets as prescribed under Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013.

The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets. However, when there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained by the end of the lease term, assets are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives.



An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying of the asset and is recognised in profit or loss.

### **3.5 Impairment of tangible assets**

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest Company of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using appropriate discount rate.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years. Such reversal is recognised in the statement of profit or loss unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case, the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

### **3.6 Financial instruments**

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when a company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.





Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") are recognized immediately in the statement of profit and loss.

### **3.7 Financial assets**

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

All recognized financial assets are subsequently measured in their entirety at either amortized cost or fair value, depending on the classification of the financial assets.

#### **3.7.1 Classification of financial assets – debt instruments**

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows;

the contractual terms of the instrument give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

#### **3.7.2 Amortised cost and Effective interest method**

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Income is recognized on an effective interest basis for debt instruments other than those financial assets classified as at FVTPL. Interest income is recognized in profit or loss and is included in the "Other income" line item.



### **3.7.3 Reclassification of financial assets**

The Company determines classification of financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition. After initial recognition, no reclassification is made for financial assets which are equity instruments and financial liabilities. For financial assets which are debt instruments, a reclassification is made only if there is a change in the business model for managing those assets. Changes to the business model are expected to be infrequent. The Company's senior management determines change in the business model as a result of external or internal changes which are significant to the Company's operations. Such changes are evident to external parties. A change in the business model occurs when the Company either begins or ceases to perform an activity that is significant to its operations. If the Company reclassifies financial assets, it applies the reclassification prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of the immediately next reporting period following the change in business model. The Company does not restate any previously recognised gains, losses (including impairment gains or losses) or interest.

#### **3.7.3.1 Derecognition of financial assets**

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If [the Company] the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred asset, the Company recognizes its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognize the financial asset and also recognizes a collateralized borrowing for the proceeds received.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognized in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset.



On derecognition of a financial asset other than in its entirety (e.g., when the Company retains an option to repurchase part of a transferred asset), [the Company] the Company allocates the previous carrying amount of the financial asset between the part it continues to recognise under continuing involvement, and the part it no longer recognises on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts on the date of the transfer. The difference between the carrying amount allocated to the part that is no longer recognised and the sum of the consideration received for the part no longer recognised and any cumulative gain or loss allocated to it that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is recognised in profit or loss if such gain or loss would have otherwise been recognised in profit or loss on disposal of that financial asset. A cumulative gain or loss that had been recognised in other comprehensive income is allocated between the part that continues to be recognised and the part that is no longer recognised on the basis of the relative fair values of those parts.

### **3.7.4 Modification of Cash Flows of financial assets and revision in estimates of Cash flows**

When the contractual cash flows of a financial asset are renegotiated or otherwise modified and the renegotiation or modification does not result in the derecognition of that financial asset in accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset and recognizes a modification gain or loss in profit or loss. The gross carrying amount of the financial asset is recalculated as the present value of the renegotiated or modified contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. Any costs or fees incurred are adjusted to the carrying amount of the modified financial asset and are amortized over the remaining term of the modified financial asset.

If the Company revises its estimates of payments or receipts (excluding modifications and changes in estimates of expected credit losses), it adjusts the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or amortized cost of a financial liability to reflect actual and revised estimated contractual cash flows. The Company recalculates the gross carrying amount of the financial asset or amortized cost of the financial liability as the present value of the estimated future contractual cash flows that are discounted at the financial instrument's original effective interest rate. The adjustment is recognized in profit or loss as income or expense.

### **3.8 Financial liabilities and equity instruments-**

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, loans and borrowings, payables, or as derivatives designated as hedging instruments in an effective hedge, as appropriate

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, financial guarantee contracts and derivative financial instruments.



### **3.8.1 Classification as debt or equity**

Debt and equity instruments issued by a Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument

### **3.8.2 Financial liabilities**

All financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method

### **3.8.3 Financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortised cost**

Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost at the end of subsequent accounting periods. The carrying amounts of financial liabilities that are subsequently measured at amortized cost are determined based on the effective interest method. Interest expense that is not capitalized as part of costs of an asset is included in the 'Finance costs' line item.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life of the financial liability, or (where appropriate) a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

### **3.8.4 Derecognition of financial liabilities**

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or have expired. An exchange between with a lender of debt instruments with substantially different terms is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. Similarly, a substantial modification of the terms of an existing financial liability (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor) is accounted for as an extinguishment of the original financial liability and the recognition of a new financial liability. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

### **3.9 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and short-term deposits, as defined above, net of outstanding bank overdrafts as they are considered an integral part of the Company's cash management.





### **3.10 Provisions**

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example, under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset, but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to a provision is presented in the statement of profit and loss net of any reimbursement.

The amount recognized as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. When a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)**  
**Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**3. Investment property**

Particular	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Investment property (A-B)		
Investment property under development		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

a) Investment property

Cost or Deemed Cost	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of year		
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		
<b>Balance at end of the year (A)</b>	-	-

Accumulated depreciation and impairment	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the year		
Additions		
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		
<b>Balance at end of the year (B)</b>	-	-

**3.1 Fair value measurement of the Company's investment properties**

Details of the Company's investment properties and information about the fair value hierarchy As at March 31, 2018 and as at March 31, 2017 are as follows:

Particulars	Fair value as per Level 2 (Rs.)	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Investment property		
Investment property under development (Refer Footnote)		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

Footnote :

1. Fair value of investment property is determined by using market comparable method. This means that valuations performed by the valuer are based on active market prices, significantly adjusted for difference in nature, location or condition of the specific property.

Fair value of investment property under development is determined by using market comparable method. This means that valuations performed by the valuer are based on active market prices, significantly adjusted for difference in nature, location or condition of the specific property. As at March 31, 2018 and March 31, 2017 the property is fair valued based on valuations performed by one of the independent valuer who has relevant valuation experience for similar properties in India.



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**

(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&amp;FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

**4. Goodwill on consolidation**

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Cost (or deemed cost)		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

Cost or Deemed Cost	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the year		
Additional amounts recognised from business combinations		
Derecognised on disposal of a subsidiary (refer Note 39.2.3)		
Effect of foreign currency exchange differences		
<b>Balance at end of year</b>	-	-

**4.1 Allocation of goodwill to cash-generating units**

Goodwill has been allocated for impairment testing purposes to the following cash-generating units.

- Annuity projects
- Operation and maintenance
- Others

The carrying amount of goodwill was allocated to cash-generating units as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
- Annuity projects		
- Operation and maintenance		
- Others		
<b>Total</b>	-	-



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
 (SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
 Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

5. Intangible assets

Particulars	Cost or deemed cost				Accumulated Amortisation			Carrying Amount		
	Balance as at April 1, 2016	Opening Adjustments	Additions	Deductions	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance As at March 31, 2017	Amortisation expense	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2017
Software / Licences acquired										
Commercial rights acquired										
Others										
<b>Subtotal (a)</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Rights under service concession arrangements (b)</b>										
<b>Intangible assets under development (c)</b>										
<b>Total (a+b+c)</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Particulars	Cost or deemed cost				Accumulated Amortisation			Carrying Amount		
	Balance as at April 1, 2017	Opening Adjustments	Additions	Deductions	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance As at March 31, 2018	Amortisation expense	Effect of foreign currency exchange differences	Balance As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Software / Licences acquired										
Commercial rights acquired										
Others										
<b>Subtotal (a)</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Rights under service concession arrangements (b)</b>										
<b>Intangible assets under development (c)</b>										
<b>Total (a+b+c)</b>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Footnotes :

1. Estimates under Service Concession Arrangement - Right under Service Concession Arrangements / Intangible assets under Development

Estimates under Service Concession Arrangements

Under Service Concession Arrangement (SCA), where a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) has received the right to charge users of a public service, such rights are recognized and classified as "Intangible Assets". Such a right is an unconditional right to receive consideration however the amounts are contingent to the extent that the public uses the service.

The book value of such an Intangible Asset is recognized by the SPV at the fair value of the constructed asset which comprises of the actual construction cost plus the margins as per the SCA.

The Intangible Asset is amortised on the basis of units of usage method over the lower of the remaining concession period or useful life of such intangible asset, in terms of each SCA. However, with respect to toll road assets constructed and in operation As at March 31, 2018, the amortization of such intangible rights are based on actual revenue earned compared to total projected revenue from the project over the balance concession period to cost of intangible assets, instead of traffic count.

Estimates of margins are based on internal evaluation by the management. Estimates of units of usage, toll rates, contractual liability for overlay expenditure and the timing of the same are based on technical evaluations and / or traffic study estimates by external agencies.

These factors are consistent with the assumptions made in the previous years

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Cumulative Margin in construction in respect of Intangible Assets / Intangible Asset under development		
<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2018</b>	<b>Year ended March 31, 2017</b>
Amortisation charge in respect of intangible assets	-	-



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

6 Investments in associates

6.1 Break-up of investments in associates (carrying amount determined using the equity method of accounting)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount
<b>Quoted Investments (all fully paid)</b>				
Investments in Equity Instruments (at Deemed cost)				
<b>Total aggregate quoted investments (A)</b>		-		-
<b>Unquoted Investments (all fully paid)</b>				
Investments in Equity Instruments (at cost)				
<b>Total aggregate unquoted investments (B)</b>		-		-
<b>Total investments carrying value (A) + (B)</b>		-		-
Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Deemed Cost	Market value	Deemed Cost	Market value
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	-		-	

6.2 Details and financial information of material associate

There is no material associate identified by the Group as per group policy i.e. 20% of group networth against carrying value of individual investment in associates

6.3 Financial information in respect of individually not material associates

Aggregate information of associates that are not individually material	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
The Group's share of profit / (loss)		
The Group's share of other comprehensive income		
The Group's share of total comprehensive income	-	-

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Aggregate carrying amount of the Group's interests in these associates	-	-

Unrecognised share of losses of an associate

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Share of profit / (loss) for the year		

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Cumulative share of loss of an associate		





EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

7. Investments in joint ventures

7.1 Break-up of investments in joint ventures

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount
<b>Unquoted Investments (all fully paid)</b>				
(a) Investments in Equity Instruments (at cost / Deemed cost)				
(b) Investments in covered warrant (at Deemed cost)				
(c) Investments in debentures or bonds (at amortised cost)		-		-
<b>Total investments carrying value</b>		-		-

8. Other Non Current Investments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Qty	Amount	Qty	Amount
<b>Unquoted Investments (all fully paid)</b>				
Investments in Equity Instruments				
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS (A)</b>		-		-
<b>Add / (Less) : Fair value of investments (B)</b>				
<b>TOTAL INVESTMENTS CARRYING VALUE (A) + (B)</b>		-		-

Category-wise other investments – as per Ind AS 109 classification

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
<b>Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)</b>		
Held for trading non-derivative financial assets		
<b>Sub-total (a)</b>	-	-
<b>Financial assets carried at amortised cost</b>		
Debentures		
<b>Sub-total (b)</b>	-	-
<b>Grand total (a+b)</b>	-	-

Footnotes:

Add any relevant Footnotes, in case any



9. Trade receivables

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Trade receivables from related parties				
-Secured, considered good				
-Unsecured, considered good				
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss				
Trade receivables from others				
-Unsecured, considered good		33,31,25,881		31,65,16,931
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss				
-Unsecured, considered doubtful				
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful debts				
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>33,31,25,881</b>	-	<b>31,65,16,931</b>

Footnotes :

- a. There are no receivables due from directors or other officers of the company either severally or jointly with any other person; and from firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner, a director or a member.
- b. Trade receivables are generally on terms of 180 days and certain receivables carry interest for overdue period.
- c. Expected credit loss ("ECL") is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e., all cash shortfalls), discounted at the weighted average cost of borrowings of the Company.
- d. The estimated realization date of the receivables has been taken by considering the cash flow model of the respective project SPV's which in the view of the management is the most realistic and appropriate way for estimating the realization date of the receivables with respect to the project SPV's. In respect of other than project SPV's, the management has carried out its internal assessment procedures and accordingly the realization date has been estimated.

Age of receivables that are past due but not impaired

Particulars	Rs.		
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2015
XX-XX days			
XX-XX days			
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-
Average age (days)			

9.1 Movement in the allowance for expected credit loss

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the year	30,76,13,341	-
Adjustment for recognising revenue at fair value	1,66,08,950	30,76,13,341
Loss allowance measured at an amount of 12 months ECL		
Loss allowance measured at an amount of more than 12 months ECL		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on trade receivables		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>32,42,22,291</b>	<b>30,76,13,341</b>
Pertaining to the ECL Adjustments	-	-
Pertaining to the adjustment for revenue at fair value	1,66,08,950	30,76,13,341
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,66,08,950</b>	<b>30,76,13,341</b>

10. Loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
a) Loans to related parties				
-Unsecured, considered good				
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss				
<b>Subtotal (a)</b>	-	-	-	-
b) Loans to other parties				
-Unsecured, considered good				
Less : Allowance for expected credit loss				
-Unsecured, considered doubtful				
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful debts				
<b>Subtotal (b)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>Total (a+b)</b>	-	-	-	-

10.1 Movement in the allowance for expected credit loss

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of the year		
Loss allowance measured at an amount of 12 months ECL		
Loss allowance measured at an amount of more than 12 months ECL		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on loans given		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on account of acquisition of subsidiary		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

11. Other financial assets (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise mentioned)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Receivable under service concession arrangements	1,90,00,01,301	51,79,50,591	2,40,85,37,437	48,80,66,774
Claim & others receivable from authority		28,58,886		
Derivative assets				
Advances recoverable :				
From related parties				
Allowance for expected credit loss				
From related parties considered doubtful				
Allowance for doubtful advances				
From others				
From others considered doubtful				
Allowance for doubtful advances				
Interest accrued - Related Party				
Interest accrued - Others				6,47,850
Receivable for sale of investment				
Call Option Premium Assets				
Retention money receivable - Related Party				
Retention money receivable - Others				
Security Deposits - Related Party				
Security Deposits - Others	12,000		12,000	
Grant receivable				
Unbilled Revenue				
Balances with Banks in deposit accounts (under lien)				
Interest Accrued on fixed deposits				
Inter-corporate deposits				
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,90,00,13,301</b>	<b>52,08,09,477</b>	<b>2,40,85,49,437</b>	<b>48,87,14,624</b>

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Cumulative Margin on construction and operation & maintenance and renewal services recognised in respect of Financial Assets	43,92,17,430	43,73,70,785
Future Operation and maintenance and renewal services considered in respect of Financial Assets	5,14,96,480	5,33,43,125
Revenue recognised on Receivables against Service Concession Arrangement on the basis of effective interest method		

12. Inventories (At lower of cost and net realisable value)

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Raw materials	-	-
Work-in-progress	-	-
Stock-in-trade	-	-
Stores and spares	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

13. Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and in banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period as shown in the statement of cash flows can be reconciled to the related items in the balance sheet as follows:

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balances with Banks		
In current accounts	3,54,62,947	2,18,51,290
In deposit accounts	3,660	6,892
Cash on hand		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>2,18,58,182</b>
Unpaid dividend accounts		
Balances held as margin money or as security against borrowings	-	10,12,34,001
Other bank balances	-	10,12,34,001

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>2,18,58,182</b>
Less – Secured Demand loans (from banks (Cash credit))(shown under current borrowings in note 18)		
Less -- Unsecured Demand loans from banks (Bank overdraft) (shown under current borrowings in note 18)		
<b>Cash and cash equivalents for statement of cash flows</b>	<b>3,54,66,607</b>	<b>2,18,58,182</b>

c. Non-cash transactions excluded from cash flow statement  
Please add as necessary.

14. Other assets (Unsecured, considered good unless otherwise mentioned)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Capital Advances				
-Secured, considered good				
-Unsecured, considered good				
-Doubtful				
Less : Allowance for bad and doubtful loans				
<b>Other advances</b>	<b>4,85,56,151</b>		<b>4,85,56,151</b>	
Prepaid expenses		2,16,919		2,59,068
Preconstruction and Mobilisation advances paid to contractors and other advances				
Mobilisation advances considered doubtful				
Allowance for doubtful advances				
Advance Against Properties				
Debts due by Directors				
Current maturities of Long term loans and advances				
Indirect tax balances / Receivable credit				
Others assets				
<b>Total</b>	<b>4,85,56,151</b>	<b>2,16,919</b>	<b>4,85,56,151</b>	<b>2,59,068</b>



15. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Number of shares	Rs.	Number of shares	Rs.
<b>Authorised</b>				
Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000
<b>Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid</b>	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,93,10,000</b>	<b>29,31,00,000</b>	<b>2,93,10,000</b>	<b>29,31,00,000</b>

15.1 Reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year :

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018		Year ended March 31, 2017	
	Number of shares	Rs.	Number of shares	Rs.
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000	2,93,10,000	29,31,00,000

15.2 Details of shares held by the holding company, the ultimate controlling party, their subsidiaries and associates

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
IL&FS Transportation Network Limited	2,16,89,400	2,16,89,400

15.3 Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares

Equity Shareholder	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Number of shares held	% holding in the class of shares	Number of shares held	% holding in the class of shares
IL&FS Transportation Network Limited	2,16,89,400	74.00%	2,16,89,400	74.00%
KMC Infratech Ltd.	46,89,600	16.00%	46,89,600	16.00%
KMC Constructions Limited	29,31,000	10.00%	29,31,000	10.00%
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,93,10,000</b>	<b>100.00%</b>	<b>2,93,10,000</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

15.4 The Company has one class of equity shares with face value of ₹ 10 each fully paid-up. Each shareholder has a voting right in proportion to his holding in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Where final dividend is proposed by the Board of Directors, it is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.





16. Other Equity (excluding non-controlling interests)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
<b>Capital Reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Adjustments during the year		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Securities premium reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Addition during the year from issue of equity shares on a rights basis		
Premium utilised towards discount on issue of Non-Convertible Debentures		
Premium utilised towards rights issue expenses		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>General reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Transfer from balance in Statement of Profit and Loss		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Capital Reserve on consolidation</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Addition during the year		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Debenture redemption reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Transfer from / (to) balance in the Statement of Profit and Loss		
Adjustment during the year for cessation of a subsidiary		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Foreign currency monetary item translation reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Addition during the year		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Retained earnings</b>		
Balance at beginning of year	35,59,29,892	50,32,19,961
Profit attributable to owners of the Company	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)
Payment of dividends on equity shares		
Transfer (to) / from debenture redemption redemption reserve		
Consolidated adjustments		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	<b>21,77,60,112</b>	<b>35,59,29,892</b>
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>21,77,60,112.12</b>	<b>35,59,29,892.26</b>
<b>Items of other comprehensive income</b>		
<b>Cash flow hedging reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of year		
Gain/(loss) arising on changes in fair value of designated portion of hedging instruments entered into for cash flow hedges		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Foreign currency translation reserve</b>		
Balance at beginning of year		
Exchange differences arising on translating the foreign operations		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Defined benefit plan adjustment</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Other comprehensive income arising from re-measurement of defined benefit		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Others</b>		
Balance at beginning of the year		
Adjustments during the year		
<b>Balance at end of the year</b>	-	-
<b>Sub-Total</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>21,77,60,112.12</b>	<b>35,59,29,892.26</b>

Footnotes :



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
 (SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
 Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

17. Non-controlling interests

Rs:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Balance at beginning of year		
Share of profit for the year		
Non-controlling interests arising on the acquisition of / additional investment in a subsidiary (net)		
Reduction in non-controlling interests on disposal of a subsidiary		
Additional non-controlling interests arising on disposal of interest in subsidiary that does not result in loss of control (net)		
<b>Total</b>	-	-





EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
 (SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
 Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

4. The Company has issued the following series of CRPS and CNCRPS

Series Name	Number of shares	Face value per share	Premium received per share	Maturity date	Dividend payout	Redemption terms



18. Borrowings

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018			As at March 31, 2017		
	Long-term	Current portion	Short-term	Long-term	Current portion	Short-term
<b>Secured – at amortised cost</b>						
(i) Bonds / debentures (refer Footnote 3)						
- from other parties						
(ii) Term loans						
- from banks	513,008,125	237,000,000		750,008,125	217,200,000	
- from financial institutions	303,350,000	140,000,000		443,350,000	128,200,000	
- from related parties (Refer Note 43)						
- from other parties						
(iii) Other loans						
- Demand loans from banks (Cash credit)						
<b>Unsecured – at amortised cost</b>						
(i) Bonds / debentures (refer Footnote 3)						
- from related parties (Refer Note 43)						
- from other parties						
(ii) Term loans						
- from banks					148,571,430	450,000,000
- from financial institutions						
- from related parties (Refer Note 43)	621,000,000		371,181,430			468,513,973
- from other parties						
(iii) Finance lease obligations						
(iv) Commercial paper						
(v) Other loans						
- Redeemable preference share capital (refer Footnote 4)						
- Demand loans from banks (bank overdraft)						
Less:						
Unamortised borrowing cost	1,477,081	570,929	-	2,474,926	3,256,827	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,435,881,044</b>	<b>376,429,071</b>	<b>371,181,430</b>	<b>1,190,883,199</b>	<b>490,714,603</b>	<b>918,513,973</b>
Less: Current maturities of long term debt clubbed under "other current liabilities"		376,429,071			490,714,603	
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,435,881,044</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>371,181,430</b>	<b>1,190,883,199</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>918,513,973</b>

Footnotes:

1. Security details

Secured by hypothecation of:

- All monies including Annuity receivables from Hyderabad Urban Development Authority ("HUDA") to the credit of the Escrow Account.
- All rights, title, interest, benefits, claims, and demands of the Company under Project Agreements subject to the provisions of the Concession Agreement.
- Assignment of rights, title and interest to or in favor of the lenders pursuant to and in accordance with the Substitution Agreement as per the provisions of the Financing Documents of the Project.
- Assignment of Insurance policies in favour of Lenders.

Repayment Schedule:

Payable in half yearly installments

Payable Financial Year ending	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
2017-18	-	345,400,000
2018-19	377,000,000	377,000,000
2019-20	417,000,000	417,000,000
2020-21	399,358,125	399,358,125
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,193,358,125</b>	<b>1,538,758,125</b>

Unsecured Loan from Promoters & Group companies.

Name of the lenders	Loan amount	Tenor	Interest rate	Repayment Date
Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited	621,000,000	50 months	16.00%	May 26, 2019
IL & FS Transportation Networks Limited	171,181,430	12 months	12.75%	One Year Validity, Maturity before March 31, 2019
Bhopal E-Governance Limited	200,000,000	18 months	16.50%	September 29, 2018

2. Age-wise analysis and Repayment terms of the Company's Long term Borrowings (other than NCDs and Preference shares) are as below: (Refer New Annexure 11)





19. Other financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Current maturities of long-term debt	-	37,64,29,071	-	49,07,14,603
Current maturities of finance lease or interest accrued	-	1,78,56,559	-	1,27,20,789
Income received in advance	-	-	-	-
Payable for purchase of capital asset:	-	-	-	-
Retention Money Payable	-	17,74,48,745	-	17,74,48,746
Derivative liability	-	-	-	-
Security Deposit from customer	-	-	-	-
Connectivity Charges Payable	-	-	-	-
Unpaid dividends	-	-	-	-
Premium payable to authority	-	-	-	-
Unearned Revenue	-	-	-	-
Financial guarantee contracts	-	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>57,17,34,375</b>	-	<b>68,08,84,137</b>

20. Provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Provision for Employee benefits.	-	-	-	-
Provision for overlay (refer Footnote 1)	-	-	-	-
Provision for replacement cost (refer Footnote)	-	-	-	-
Provision for Advances	-	-	-	-
Provision for premium on preference shares or	-	-	-	-
Provision for tax on preference share premium	-	-	-	-
Provision for dividend on preference shares	-	-	-	-
Other provisions	-	57,13,227	-	43,18,391
<b>Total</b>	-	<b>57,13,227</b>	-	<b>43,18,391</b>

Footnotes:

1. Provision for overlay  
Provision for overlay in respect of toll roads maintained by the Group under service concession arrangements and classified as intangible assets represents contractual obligations to restore an infrastructure facility to a specified level of serviceability in respect of such asset. Estimate of the provision is measured using a number of factors, such as contractual requirements, technology, expert opinions and expected price levels. Because actual cash flows can differ from estimates due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provision is reviewed at regular intervals and adjusted to take account of such changes.  
Accordingly, financial and accounting measurements such as the revenue recognized on financial assets, allocation of annuity into recovery of financial assets and depreciation of intangible assets and provisions for overlay in respect of service concession agreements are based on such assumptions.

Particulars	Year end March 31, 2018		Year end March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Provision made during the year	-	-	-	-
Utilised for the year	-	-	-	-
Adjustment for foreign exchange fluctuation during the year	-	-	-	-
Unwinding of discount and effect of changes in the discount rate	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	-	-	-	-

2. Provision for replacement cost

Particulars	Year end March 31, 2018		Year end March 31, 2017	
	Non Current	Current	Non Current	Current
Balance at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
Provision made during the year	-	-	-	-
Unwinding of discount and effect of changes in the discount rate	-	-	-	-
<b>Balance at the end of the year</b>	-	-	-	-



21. Deferred tax balances

The following is the analysis of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) presented in the balance sheet:

Particulars	Rs.		As at March 31, 2016	Movement Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Acquisitions /disposals	Exchange difference	As at March 31, 2016	Movement Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Movement Recognised in other comprehensive income	Acquisitions /disposals	Exchange difference	As at March 31, 2017
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017										
Deferred tax assets												
Deferred tax liabilities												
Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities) (Net)												
Particulars	Rs.		As at April 1, 2016	Movement Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Acquisitions /disposals	Exchange difference	As at March 31, 2016	Movement Recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	Movement Recognised in other comprehensive income	Acquisitions /disposals	Exchange difference	As at March 31, 2017
Deferred tax (liabilities)/assets in relation to:												
Cash flow hedges												
Property, plant and equipment												
Finance leases												
Intangible assets												
Unamortised borrowing costs												
Provision for doubtful loans												
Provision for doubtful receivables												
Defined benefit obligation												
Other financial liabilities												
Other financial assets												
Other assets												
Others												
Expected credit loss in investments												
Expected credit loss in financial assets												
Business loss												
Capital loss												
Total (A)												
Tax Losses												
Unabsorbed Depreciation												
Total (B)												
Sub total												
MAT Credit Entitlement (refer footnote 1)												
Deferred Tax Asset / (Liabilities) (Net)												

Footnotes :

22. Other liabilities

Particulars	Rs.		As at March 31, 2017	
	As at March 31, 2018	Current	Non Current	Current
(a) Mobilisation Advance Received				
(b) Other Advance received				
(c) Others		1,45,108		9,62,043
Statutory dues				
Other Liabilities				
Total		1,45,108		9,62,043

23. Trade payables

Particulars	Rs.		As at March 31, 2017	
	As at March 31, 2018	Current	Non Current	Current
Trade payables other than MSME-Relief		2,38,81,528		30,31,141
Trade payables- Others		8,53,654		3,66,828
Total		2,47,35,182		33,97,969

24. Current tax assets and liabilities

Particulars	Rs.		As at March 31, 2017	
	As at March 31, 2018	Current	Non Current	Current
Current tax assets				
Advance payment of taxes	7,26,77,166	93,73,052	5,28,86,572	93,73,052
Total	7,26,77,166	93,73,052	5,28,86,572	93,73,052
Current tax liabilities				
Provision for tax				
Total				



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

25. Revenue from operations

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
(a) Advisory, Design and Engineering fees		
(b) Supervision fees		
(c) Operation and maintenance income	3,33,28,748	3,16,99,243
(d) Toll revenue		
(f) <u>Construction income</u>		
Claim from authority		
Others		
(e) Finance income	15,58,53,189	18,26,97,827
(g) Sales (net of sales tax)		
(h) Operation and maintenance Grant		
(i) Other operating income:		
Claim from authority		
Interest on Claims		
Profit on sale of investment in Subsidiary		
<b>Total</b>	<b>18,91,81,937</b>	<b>21,43,97,069</b>

26. Other Income

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Interest income earned on financial assets that are not designated as at fair value through profit or loss		
Interest on loans granted		
Interest on debentures		
Interest on bank deposits (at amortised cost)	49,01,827	64,94,645
Interest on short term deposit		
Interest on advance towards property		
Dividend Income on non-current investments		
Profit on sale of investment (net) (refer Footnotes)		
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment		
Advertisement income		
Income from material testing		
Excess provisions written back		
Exchange rate fluctuation (Gain)		
Insurance claim received / receivable		
Claims from authority		
Miscellaneous income		
Other gains and losses		
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		33,591
Gain/(loss) on disposal of debt instruments at FVTOCI		
Cumulative gain/(loss) reclassified from equity on disposal of debt instruments at FVTOCI		
Net foreign exchange gains/(losses)		
Net gain/(loss) arising on financial assets designated as at FVTPL		
Net gain/(loss) arising on financial liabilities designated as at FVTPL		
Net gain/(loss) arising on financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL		
Net gain/(loss) arising on held for trading financial liabilities		
Hedge ineffectiveness on cash flow hedges		
Hedge ineffectiveness on net investment hedges		
Gain recognised on disposal of interest in former associate		
Net gain / (loss) on derecognition of financial assets measured at amortised cost		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on trade receivables (net)	1,66,08,949	1,00,98,697
Reversal of Expected credit losses on loans given (net)		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on other financial assets (net)		
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,15,10,776</b>	<b>1,66,26,933</b>



26.1 Movement in Expected credit losses

Particulars	₹	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Expected credit loss allowance on trade receivables	32,42,22,291	30,76,13,341
Reversal of Expected credit losses on trade receivables	-	-
Reversal of Expected credit losses on trade receivables (net)	32,42,22,291	30,76,13,341
Expected credit loss allowance on loans given		
Reversal of Expected credit losses on loans given		
Expected credit losses on loans given (net)	-	-
Expected credit losses on other financial assets (net)	-	-



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

27. Cost of Material Consumed & Construction Cost

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Material consumption		
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock-in-trade.		
<b>Total (a)</b>	-	-
Construction contract costs (b)		
<b>Total (a+b)</b>	-	-

28. Operating Expenses

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Fees for technical services / design and drawings		
Diesel and fuel expenses		
Operation and maintenance expenses	3,14,82,104	2,99,42,883
Provision for overlay expenses		
Provision for replacement cost		
Toll plaza expenses		
Other Operating Expenses		
<b>Total</b>	<b>3,14,82,104</b>	<b>2,99,42,883</b>

29. Employee benefits expense

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Salaries and Wages	1,81,200	1,81,200
Contribution to provident and other funds (Refer Note 37.1 )		
Staff welfare expenses		
Deputation Cost		
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,81,200</b>	<b>1,81,200</b>

30. Finance costs

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
(a) Interest costs		
Interest on bank overdrafts, loans and debentures		
Interest on loans for fixed period	29,32,84,402	33,45,70,932
Interest on debentures		
Discount on commercial paper		
Other interest expense	2,85,341	
(b) Dividend on redeemable preference shares		
(c) Other borrowing costs		
Guarantee commission		
Finance charges	79,89,192	58,50,857
Upfront fees on performance guarantee		
(d) Others		
Loss / (gain) arising on derivatives designated as hedging instruments in cash flow hedges		
(Gain) / Loss arising on adjustment for hedged item attributable to the hedged risk in a designated cash flow hedge accounting relationship		
<b>Total (a+b+c+d)</b>	<b>30,15,58,935</b>	<b>34,04,21,789</b>





31. Depreciation and amortisation expense

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	29,661	49,972
Depreciation of investment property (refer Note 3)		
Amortisation of intangible assets (refer Note 5)		
<b>Total depreciation and amortisation</b>	<b>29,661</b>	<b>49,972</b>

32. Other expenses

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Legal and consultation fees	55,57,734	45,49,938
Deputation Cost	14,55,102	9,98,031
ECR Operating and Administrative Expenses	-	-
Agency fees	-	-
Travelling and conveyance	2,32,181	62,639
Rent (refer Note 36.2 )	-	-
Rates and taxes	28,986	30,740
Repairs and maintenance	11,15,688	9,44,383
Bank commission	37,795	-
Registration expenses	-	-
Communication expenses	-	152
Insurance	-	-
Printing and stationery	1,260	1,750
Electricity charges	-	-
Directors' fees	5,91,108	4,13,400
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)	-	-
Concession Fees	1	1
Provision for contingency	-	-
Corporate Social Responsibility Exp. (Refer Note 32.2)	-	-
Bid documents	-	-
Office Maintenance	-	-
Vehicle Running and Maintenance Exp	-	-
Business promotion expenses	-	-
Works Contract Tax exp	-	-
Service tax write-off	-	-
Payment to auditors (Refer Note 32.1)	7,03,932	7,07,875
Impact of modification Gain / (Loss)	58,78,886	-
Preliminary / Misc. expenditure written off	-	-
Provision for diminution in value of investments	-	-
Loss on sale of Property, Plant and Equipment (Net)	-	340
Provision for doubtful debts and receivables	-	-
Miscellaneous expenses	7,920	8,978
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,56,10,593</b>	<b>77,18,227</b>

32.1 Payments to auditors

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
a) For audit	2,20,000	2,00,000
b) For taxation matters		
c) For other services	4,83,932	5,07,875
d) For reimbursement of expenses		
e) Service tax on above		
<b>Total</b>	<b>7,03,932</b>	<b>7,07,875</b>



**32.2 Expenditure incurred for corporate social responsibility**

In terms of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee has been formed by the Company. The areas for CSR activities as per the CSR policy are (i) Promotion of education, (ii) promoting gender equality and empowering women, (iii) reducing child mortality and improving maternal health, (iv) ensuring environmental sustainability, (v) employment enhancing vocational skills, (vi) social business projects, (vii) contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government or the State Governments for socioeconomic development and relief and funds for the welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women and (viii) such other matters as may be prescribed.

In line with Guidance Note on Accounting for Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the disclosure of the CSR expenditure during the year, is as under:

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
<b>(a) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year:</b>	-	-
<b>(b) Amount spent during the year on:</b>	-	-
(i) Skilling for employment	-	-
(ii) Livelihood Development	-	-
(iii) Education enhancement	-	-
(iv) Local Area projects	-	-
(v) Others	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

**33. Income taxes**

**33.1 Income tax recognised in profit or loss**

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
<b>Current tax</b>		
In respect of the current period	-	-
In respect of prior period	-	-
<b>Deferred tax</b>		
In respect of the current period	-	-
MAT credit entitlement	-	-
<b>Total income tax expense recognised in the current period relating to continuing operations</b>	-	-



33.2 The income tax expense for the period can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Profit before tax from continuing operations	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)
Income tax expense calculated at 0% to 34.608%		
Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit and loss		
Movement to be explained	-	-
Set off against unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward losses		
Deferred tax not created on IndAS adjustment		
Effect of income that is exempt from taxation		
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit		
Effect of unused tax losses and tax offsets not recognised as deferred tax assets		
Foreign Withholding tax		
Deferred tax not created on business losses		
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions		
Preference dividend accounted as finance cost in IndAS		
Reversal of tax at normal rate in the tax holiday period and MAT on book profit		
Effect on deferred tax balances due to the change in income tax rate		
Profit on sale of Investment. Nil tax since capital loss as per Tax		
Deferred tax created on Capital Losses		
Deferred tax created on Business Losses		
Others		
Total movement explained	-	-
Adjustments recognised in the current year in relation to the current tax of prior years	-	-
Income tax expense recognised in profit or loss (relating to continuing operations)	-	-

33.3 Income tax recognised in other comprehensive income

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Deferred tax		
Arising on income and expenses recognised in other comprehensive income:		
Effective portion of gains and losses on designated portion of hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge		
Re-measurement of defined benefit obligation		
Total	-	-
Bifurcation of the income tax recognised in other comprehensive income into:-		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss		



34. Earnings per share

Particulars	Unit	Year ended March	Year ended March
		31, 2018	31, 2017
Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company	₹	(13,81,69,780.14)	(14,72,90,068.72)
Weighted average number of equity shares	Number	2,93,10,000	2,93,10,000
Nominal value per equity share	₹		
Basic / Diluted earnings per share	₹	(4.71)	(5.03)

35. Subsidiaries

Details of the Group's subsidiaries at the end of the reporting year are as follows.

Name of subsidiary	Principal activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group (%)	
			As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
1. Held directly:				
2. Held through subsidiaries:				

35.1 Composition of the Group

Details of the Group's joint venture at the end of the reporting year are as follows.

Name of joint operation	Principal activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group (%)	
			As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Held Directly :				
Held through Subsidiaries :				



The Group's interest in jointly controlled operations are :

Name of the Jointly Controlled Operations	Proportion of Group's Interest (%)	
	As at March 18	As at March 17

35.2 Details of the Group's associates at the end of the reporting period are as follows.

Name of joint operation	Principal activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held by the Group (%)	
			As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
<b>1.Held directly :</b>				
<b>2.Held through Subsidiaries :</b>				



35.3 The financial position and results of the Companies which became a subsidiary / ceased to be a subsidiary

a. The financial position and results (after eliminations and consolidation adjustments) of entities which became subsidiaries during the Year ended March 31, 2018 are given below:

Particulars	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary
<b>Assets As at March 31, 2018</b>		
Non-current assets		
Current assets		
Total	-	-
<b>Equity and Liability As at March 31, 2018</b>		
Total Equity		
Current liabilities		
Total	-	-
<b>Income for the period (from the date of incorporation / acquisition to March 31, 2018)</b>		
Operating income		
Other income		
Total Income	-	-
<b>Expenses for the period (from the date of incorporation / acquisition to March 31, 2018)</b>		
Operating expenses		
Depreciation		
Interest cost		
Other administrative expenses		
Total Expenses	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax	-	-
Taxes		
Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income / (loss)		
Total other comprehensive Income / (loss)	-	-

b. The financial position and results (after eliminations and consolidation adjustments) of entities which became subsidiaries during the Year ended March 31, 2017 are given below:

Particulars	Rs.					
	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary	Name of Subsidiary
<b>Assets As at March 31, 2017</b>						
Non-current assets						
Current assets						
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Equity and Liability As at March 31, 2017</b>						
Total Equity						
Non-current liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Income for the period (from the date of incorporation / acquisition to March 31, 2017)</b>						
Operating income						
Other income						
Total Income	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Expenses for the period (from the date of incorporation / acquisition to March 31, 2017 )</b>						
Operating expenses						
Depreciation						
Interest cost						
Other administrative expenses						
Total Expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the period before tax						
Taxes						
Profit / (Loss) for the period after tax	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Comprehensive Income / (loss)						
Total other comprehensive Income / (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-





EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

36. Leases

36.1 Obligations under finance leases

The Company as lessee

Finance lease liabilities

Rs.

Particulars	Minimum lease payments		Present value of minimum lease payments	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Not later than one year				
Later than one year and not later than five years				
Later than five years				
Less: Future Finance charges	-	-	-	-
<b>Present value of minimum lease payments</b>	-	-	-	-

Rs.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Included in the financial statements as:		
- Non-current borrowings (note 18)	-	-
- Current maturities of finance lease obligations (note 18)	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

36.2 Operating lease arrangements

The Company as lessee

Leasing arrangements

The Company holds certain properties under a non-cancellable operating lease. The Company's future lease rentals under the operating lease arrangements as at the year ends are as under:

Non-cancellable operating lease commitments

Rs.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Not later than 1 year		
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		
Later than 5 years		
<b>Total</b>	-	-



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)**  
**Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018**

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Amount charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for rent		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

The lease terms do not contain any exceptional / restrictive covenants nor are there any options given to Company to renew the lease or purchase the properties. The agreements provide for changes in the rentals if the taxes leviable on such rentals change.

**The Company as lessor**

Leasing arrangements

The Company has given certain machinery under a non-cancellable operating lease. The Company's future lease receivables under the operating lease arrangements as at the year ends are as under:

Future lease rentals:

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Not later than 1 year		
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years		
Later than 5 years		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Amount credited to the Statement of Profit and Loss for rent		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

The lease terms do not contain any exceptional / restrictive covenants nor are there any options given to lessee to renew the lease or purchase the properties. The agreements provide for changes in the rentals if the taxes leviable on such rentals change.



**IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORKS LIMITED**

(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the Year ended March 31, 2018

**37. Employee benefit plans**

**37.1 Defined contribution plans**

The Company offers its employees defined contribution benefits in the form of provident fund, family pension fund and superannuation fund. Provident fund, family pension fund and superannuation fund cover substantially all regular employees. Contributions are paid during the year into separate funds under certain statutory / fiduciary-type arrangements. While both the employees and the Company pay predetermined contributions into the provident fund and pension fund, contributions to superannuation fund are made only by the Company. The contributions are normally based on a certain proportion of the employee's salary. The assets of the plans are held separately from those of the Company in funds under the control of Regional provident fund office and third party fund manager.

The total expense recognised in profit or loss of Rs. \_\_\_\_ (for the Year ended March 31, 2017: Rs. \_\_\_\_ ) represents contributions payable to these plans by the Company at rates specified in the rules of the plans.

**37.2 Defined benefit plans**

The Company offers its employees defined-benefit plans in the form of gratuity (a lump sum amount). Amounts payable under defined benefit plans are typically based on years of service rendered and the employee's eligible compensation (immediately before retirement). The gratuity scheme covers substantially all regular employees. In the case of the gratuity scheme, the Company contributes funds to the Life Insurance Corporation of India which administers the scheme on behalf of the Company. The Plan Assets comprise of a Gratuity Fund maintained by LIC of India. Commitments are actuarially determined at year end. Actuarial valuation is based on "Projected Unit Credit" method. The Company recognizes Actuarial Gain & Loss in the Other Comprehensive Income Account in the year in which they occur.

Under the plans, the employees are entitled to post-retirement lumpsum amounting to 30 days of final salary for each completed years of service. The eligible salary is Basic pay. Benefits are vested to employee on completion of 5 year

Investment risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability (denominated in Indian Rupee) is calculated using a discount rate which is determined based on the benchmark yields available on Government Bonds at the valuation date with terms matching that of the liabilities. If the return on plan asset is below this rate, it will create a plan deficit.
Interest risk	A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's investments.
Longevity risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.
Salary risk	The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability. the salary increase rates take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factor

The actuarial calculations used to estimate defined benefit commitments and expenses are based on the following assumptions, which if changed, would affect the defined benefit commitment's size, funding requirements and pension expense. The principal assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows.

Particulars	Valuation as at	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Discount rate(s)		
Rate of increase in compensation <sup>#</sup>		
Mortality rates*		
Employee Attrition rate (Past service)		

<sup>#</sup> The estimates of future salary increases considered in the actuarial valuation take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors such as supply and demand in the employment market.

\* Based on India's standard mortality table with modification to reflect expected changes in mortality/ other



Amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss in respect of these defined benefit plans are as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Service cost:		
Current service cost		
Past service cost and (gain)/loss from settlements		
Net interest expense		
<b>Components of defined benefit costs recognised in profit or loss</b>	-	-
Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability:		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)		
Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions*		
Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from changes in financial assumptions		
Actuarial (gains) / losses arising from experience adjustments		
<b>Components of defined benefit costs recognised in other comprehensive income</b>	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-

\* This figure does not reflect interrelationship between demographic assumption and financial assumption when a limit is applied on the benefit, the effect will be shown as an experience  
The current service cost and the net interest expense for the year are included in the 'Employee benefits expense' line item in the statement of profit and loss. The remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability is included in other comprehensive income. The amount included in the balance sheet arising from the entity's obligation in respect of its defined benefit plans is as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation		
Fair value of plan assets		
Funded status		
<b>Net liability arising from defined benefit obligation</b>	-	-

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation are as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Opening defined benefit obligation		
Current service cost		
Interest cost		
Remeasurement (gains)/losses:		
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in demographic assumptions		
Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in financial assumptions		
Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments		
Benefits paid		
Others -Transfer outs		
<b>Closing defined benefit obligation</b>	-	-

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets are as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Opening fair value of plan assets		
Interest income		
Remeasurement gain (loss):		
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense)		
Adjustment to Opening Fair Value of Plan Asset		
Contributions from the employer		
Benefits paid		
<b>Closing fair value of plan assets</b>	-	-



The fair value of the plan assets at the end of the reporting period for each category, are as follows.

Particulars	Rs.		
	Fair Value of plan asset as at		
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at April 1, 2015
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-
Gratuity Fund (LIC)	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	-	-	-

All of the Plan Asset is entrusted to LIC of India under their \_\_\_\_\_. The reimbursement is subject to LIC's Surrender Policy. Since the scheme funds are invested with LIC of India Expected rate of return on Plan assets is based on rate of return declared by fund manager

The actual return on plan assets was ₹ \_\_\_\_ (2017: ₹ \_\_\_\_).

Significant actuarial assumptions for the determination of the defined obligation are discount rate, expected salary increase and mortality. The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the respective assumptions occurring at the end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant.

· If the discount rate is 100 basis points higher/(lower), the defined benefit obligation would decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017) and increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017).

· If the salary escalation rate increases (decreases) by 1%, the defined benefit obligation would increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017) and decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017).

· If the Attrition rate increases (decreases) by 1%, the defined benefit obligation would increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (increase by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017) and decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ (decrease by ₹ \_\_\_\_ As at March 31, 2017).

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability recognised in the balance sheet.

There was no change in the methods and assumptions used in preparing the sensitivity analysis from prior year

The average duration of the benefit obligation at March 31, 2018 is \_\_\_\_\_ years (As at March 31, 2017: \_\_ years).

The expected contributions to the defined benefit plan for the next annual reporting period as at March 31 2018 is ₹ \_\_\_\_ ( as at March 31 2017 is ₹ \_\_\_\_ )



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

38. Business combinations

38.1.1 Business combinations

Rs.

Particulars	Principal activity	Date of acquisition	Proportion of voting equity interests acquired (%)	Consideration transferred
During the period				
Name of Entity acquired				
<b>Total</b>				-

38.1.2 Consideration transferred

Rs.

Particulars	Name of Entity acquired	Name of Entity acquired
Cash		
Othres		
<b>Total</b>	-	-

38.1.3 Assets acquired and liabilities recognized at the date of acquisition

Rs.

Particulars	Name of Entity acquired	Name of Entity acquired
	Date of acquisition	Date of acquisition
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents		
Inventories		
Other current financial assets		
Other current assets		
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Deferred tax Assets		
Non current tax		
Loans given		
Other non current financial assets		
Other Non current assets		
<b>Total (A)</b>	-	-
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade payables		
Other current financial liability		
Other current liability		
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
Borrowings		
Other non current financial liability		
Deferred Tax liability		
<b>Total (B)</b>	-	-
<b>Net Assets acquired (A-B)</b>	-	-

38.1.4 Goodwill arising on acquisition

Rs.

Particulars	Name of Entity acquired	Name of Entity acquired
Consideration transferred		
Less: fair value of identifiable net assets acquired		
<b>Goodwill arising on acquisition</b>	-	-

Goodwill arose in the acquisition of RLHL because the cost of the acquisition included a control premium. In addition, the consideration paid effectively included amounts in relation to the benefit of expected synergies, revenue growth and future market development

None of the goodwill arising on these acquisitions is expected to be deductible for tax purposes

38.1.5 Net cash outflow on acquisition of subsidiaries

Rs.

Particulars	Name of Entity acquired	Name of Entity acquired
	Date of acquisition	Date of acquisition
Consideration paid in cash		
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances acquired		
<b>Total</b>	-	-





EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

38.2 Disposal of a subsidiary

38.2.1 Consideration received

Rs.

Particulars	Date of Disposal
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	
<b>Total consideration received</b>	-

38.2.2 Analysis of asset and liabilities over which control was lost

Rs.

Particulars	Name of entity Date of Disposal
<b>Current assets</b>	
Cash and cash equivalents	
Other Current Financial assets	
Current tax assets (Net)	
Other assets	
<b>Non-current assets</b>	
Property, plant and equipment and Investment property	
Other Non Current Financial assets	
Other assets	
<b>Total (A)</b>	-
<b>Current liabilities</b>	
Borrowings	
Other financial liabilities	
Provisions	
Other current liabilities	
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>	
Borrowings	
<b>Total (B)</b>	-
<b>Net assets disposed of (A-B)</b>	-

38.2.3 Loss on disposal of a subsidiary

Rs.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018
Consideration received	-
Less : Net assets disposed of	-
Less : Goodwill impairment	-
<b>Loss on disposal</b>	-

38.2.4 Net cash inflow/(outflow) on disposal of a subsidiary

Rs.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2018
Consideration received in cash and cash equivalents	-
Less: cash and cash equivalent balances disposed of	-
<b>Total</b>	-



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

39. Disclosure in respect of Construction Contracts

Particulars	Rs.	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Contract revenue recognised as revenue during the year		

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Cumulative revenue recognised		
Advances received		
Retention Money receivable		
Gross amount due from customers for contract work, disclosed as asset (i.e. Unbilled Revenue)		
Gross amount due to customers for contract work, disclosed as liability (i.e. Unearned Revenue)		

40. Commitments for expenditure

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on account of O & M (IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited)	17,00,25,645	20,15,07,748
(a) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on account of Overlay (IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited)	70,78,99,999	70,78,99,999
<b>Total</b>	<b>87,79,25,644.39</b>	<b>90,94,07,747</b>

41. Contingent liabilities and Letter of awareness and letter of financial support

41.1 Contingent liabilities

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
(a) Income Tax demand Contested by company	6,46,29,940	6,46,29,940



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)**  
 Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

**42. Related Party Disclosures**

(a) Name of the Related Parties and Description of Relationship:

Nature of Relationship	Name of Entity	Abbreviation used	March 2018	March 2017
Ultimate Holding Company	Infrastructure Leasing & Financial Services Limited	IL&FS	✓	x
Holding Company	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited	ITNL	✓	✓
Fellow Subsidiaries of Ultimate Holding Company and Holding Company (Only with whom there have been transaction during the period/ there Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Sabarmati Capital One Limited	SCOL	✓	✓
	Tierra Enviro Limited	TEL	✓	x
	Bhopal E-Governance Limited	B EGL	✓	✓
	IL&FS Cluster Development Initiative Limited. ("ICDIL")	ICDIL	x	✓
	Apptex Marketing Services & Solutions Limited.	Apptex	x	✓
	IL&FS Trust Company Limited	ITCL	x	✓
Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	KMC Constructions Limited	KMC	✓	✓
	KMC Infratech Ltd.	KIL	✓	✓
Key Management personnel and Directors	Rajendra Jatav	Company Secretary	✓	✓
	Goutam Mukherjee	Independent Director	✓	✓
	Mr. Sreejith Narayanan	Director	✓	✓
	Rajiv Dubey	Director	✓	✓
	Rupak Ghosh	Independent Director	✓	✓
	Vijay Kini	Director	✓	✓
	Rajesh Udupa	Nominee Director	✓	✓
	D Sailu	Manager	x	✓
	Shaik Mastan	Manager	✓	x
	Nilesh Korde	CFO	✓	x
Hiren Gor	CFO	x	✓	



43. Segment Reporting

Rs.

	Surface Transportation Business		Others		Total
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	
Revenue					
External					
Inter-Segment					
Segment Revenue					
Segment expenses					
Segment results					
Unallocated income (excluding interest income) (Refer Footnote 3)					
Unallocated expenditure (Refer Footnote 4)					
Finance cost					
Interest income unallocated					
Tax expense (net)					
Share of profit / (loss) of joint ventures (net)					
Share of profit / (loss) of Associates (net)					
Profit for the year					
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018
Segment assets					
Unallocated Assets (Refer Footnote 1)					
Total assets					
Segment liabilities					
Unallocated Liabilities (Refer Footnote 2)					
Total liabilities					
Capital Expenditure for the year	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018
Depreciation and amortisation expense					
Non cash expenditure other than depreciation for the year					

(ii) Secondary - Geographical Segments:

Particulars	India		Outside India		Total	
	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2017
Revenue - External						
Capital Expenditure						
Segment Assets						



Footnotes:

- 1) Unallocated assets include investments, advance towards share application money, loans given, interest accrued, option premium, deferred tax assets, advance payment of taxes (net of provision), unpaid dividend accounts and fixed deposits placed for a period exceeding 3 months, goodwill on consolidation etc.
- 2) Unallocated liabilities include borrowings, interest accrued on borrowings, deferred tax liabilities (net), provision for tax (net), unpaid dividends etc.
- 3) Unallocated income includes Profit on sale of investment (net), Advertisement income, Excess provisions written back, Miscellaneous income and Exchange rate fluctuation.
- 4) Unallocated expenditure includes Exchange rate fluctuation, Directors' fees and Brand subscription fees.

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)  
Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Related Party Disclosures (contd.)

Year ended March 31, 2018

(b) transactions/ balances with above mentioned related parties (mentioned in note 42 above)

Particulars	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Total
<b>Balance</b>									
Share Capital	-	21,68,94,000	-	-	-	-	2,93,10,000	4,68,96,000	29,31,00,000
Trade payables	-	2,08,63,505	-	-	-	-	3,91,42,917	-	6,00,06,422
Term Loan	62,10,00,000	17,11,81,430	-	-	20,00,00,000	-	-	-	99,21,81,430
Interest On STL Payables	-	1,78,84,920	-	(28,361)	-	-	-	-	1,78,56,559
Mobilization advance recoverable	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,13,11,759	-	2,13,11,759
Expenses recoverable made on behalf related party	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,33,69,286	-	6,33,69,286
Retention payable against milestone payment & others	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,74,48,745	-	17,74,48,745

Year ended March 31, 2018

(b) transactions/ balances with above mentioned related parties (mentioned in note 42 above)

Particulars	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Key Management personnel and relatives	Total
Loan Taken	62,10,00,000.00	2,07,28,40,952.00	-	45,00,00,000.00	50,00,00,000.00	-	-	-	3,64,38,40,952.00
Loan Repaid	-	1,99,51,73,495.00	17,50,00,000.00	45,00,00,000.00	50,00,00,000.00	-	-	-	3,12,01,73,495.00
Operation & Maintenance Expenses	-	3,29,11,584.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,29,11,584.00
Deputation Cost	-	14,55,101.64	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,55,101.64
Financial charges	-	64,52,042.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	64,52,042.00
Interest on Short Term Loan	5,00,88,328.00	3,72,82,073.00	70,11,986.00	5,73,288.00	1,64,384.00	3,29,99,999.00	-	-	12,81,20,058.00
Insurance	-	10,11,147.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,11,147.90
<b>Salary / Director Sitting Fees</b>									
Rajendra Jatav								1,81,200.00	1,81,200.00
Goutam Mukherjee								1,56,000.00	1,56,000.00
Mr. Sreejith Narayanan								21,500.00	21,500.00
Rajiv Dubey								40,000.00	40,000.00
Rupak Ghosh								1,56,000.00	1,56,000.00
Vijay Kini								1,14,500.00	1,14,500.00



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
(SPECIAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR CONSOLIDATION OF IL&FS TRANSPORTATION NETWORK LIMITED)

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

Related Party Disclosures (contd.)

Year ended March 31, 2017

(b) transactions/ balances with above mentioned related parties (mentioned in note 42 above)

Particulars	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Enterprises having Significant Influence over EHEL	Total
<b>Balance</b>										
Share Capital	-	21,68,94,000	-	-	-	2,93,10,000	4,68,96,000	-	-	29,31,00,000
Trade payables	-	13,118	-	-	-	3,91,42,917	-	-	-	3,91,56,035
Short Term Loan	-	9,35,13,973	17,50,00,000	20,00,00,000	-	-	-	-	-	46,85,13,973
Interest On STL Payables	-	1,24,03,735	70,120	(23,671)	1,62,740	-	-	-	-	1,26,12,924
Mobilization advance recoverable	-	-	-	-	-	2,13,11,759	-	-	-	2,13,11,759
Expenses recoverable made on behalf related party	-	-	-	-	-	6,33,69,286	-	-	-	6,33,69,286
Retention payable against milestone payment & others	-	-	-	-	-	17,74,48,745	-	-	-	17,74,48,745

Year ended March 31, 2017

(b) transactions/ balances with above mentioned related parties (mentioned in note 42 above)

Particulars	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Fellow Subsidiaries	Key Management personnel and relatives	Total
<b>Transactions</b>										
Loan Taken	IL&FS	ITNL	1,48,88,01,314	57,00,00,000.00	ICDIL	ITCL	20,00,00,000.00	20,00,00,000.00	-	2,63,38,01,314
Loan Repaid			2,02,89,11,886	57,00,00,000.00				20,00,00,000.00	-	2,79,89,11,886
Operation & Maintenance Expenses			2,99,42,883							2,99,42,883
Deputation Cost			9,98,031							9,98,031
Interest on Short Term Loan			4,45,27,516	6,33,33,695.00				15,605,479		10,81,19,944
Nomination Deposit			1,00,000							1,00,000
ITCL						1,14,500.00				
<b>Salary / Director Sitting Fees</b>										
Salary paid to Rajendra Jatav									1,81,200.00	1,81,200
Mr.Rajeev Dubey									40,000.00	40,000
Mr. Vijay Kini									90,000.00	90,000
Mr.Goutam Mukherjee									1,00,000.00	1,00,000
Sreejith Narayanan									30,000.00	30,000
Mr.Rupak Ghosh									1,00,000.00	1,00,000





EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED

Notes forming part of Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2018

44. Approval of financial statements

The Financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on \_\_\_\_

For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

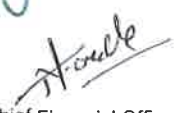
  
G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603  
27/4/18




For and on behalf of the Board

  
Shreejith Narayanan  
Director  
DIN No. 07400833

  
Vijay Kini  
Director  
DIN No. 06612768

  
Chief Financial Officer

  
Company Secretary



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

Differences in Accounting Policies & Disclosures

Accounting Policies Differences

Accounting Policy of consolidating entity	Accounting Policy of ITNL	Difference (Explain)	Impact (Estimated if not quantified) Rs.	Action proposed
NIL				

\*only if impact as quantified or likely to be greater than \* 1.20 Mn

Indicate Accounting Policy followed by Component for the items not covered in ITNL Accounting Policy

Accounting Policy of consolidating entity and its financial impact

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date:

In terms of our report attached.

For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner

Membership Number : 081803

Place:

Date:





**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Shareholding Pattern as at March 31, 2018**

Sr. No.	Name of the Shareholder	No of Shares Held	% Holding
1	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited	2,16,89,350	74.00%
2	KMC Construction Limited	29,31,000	10.00%
3	KMC Infratech Limited	46,89,600	16.00%
4	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited & Mr Vijay Kini	10	0.00%
5	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited & Mr Ajay Menon	10	0.00%
6	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited & Mr Krishna Ghaq	10	0.00%
7	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited & Mr Prashant Agarwal	10	0.00%
8	IL&FS Transportation Networks Limited & Ms Jyotsna Matondkar	10	0.00%
	<b>Total</b>	<b>2,93,10,000</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date:

In terms of our report attached.  
 For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner

Membership Number : 084603

Place:

Date:



## EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED

Movement in Shareholding Pattern for the Year ended March 31, 2018

Date of Purchase/sale /new Issue/buy back etc	No. of Equity Shares	Transaction price	Details of Purchaser/Investor / Seller	Net Asset Value calculation as on date of the transaction
NIL				

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited


  
CFO / Authorised Signatory
Place:  
Date:

In terms of our report attached.  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N


  
G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081609
Place:  
Date:

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**(Part 1) - Provision for Overlay**

Provision for overlay in respect of toll roads maintained by the Group under service concession arrangements and classified as intangible assets represents contractual obligations to restore an infrastructure facility to a specified level of serviceability in respect of such asset. Estimate of the provision is measured using a number of factors, such as current contractual requirements, technology, expert opinions and expected price levels. Because actual cash flows can differ from estimates due to changes in laws, regulations, public expectations, technology, prices and conditions, and can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provision is reviewed at regular intervals and adjusted to take account of such changes.

Accordingly, provision for overlay in respect of such service concession agreements are based on above assumptions.

Movements in provision made for overlay made in respect of Intangible Assets under SCA are tabulated below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Long-term	Short-term	Non-Current	Current
Opening balance as on				
Provision made during the period / year				
Provision utilised				
Adjustment for Foreign exchange fluctuation during the period / year				
Adjustment for reclassification during the period / year				
Closing balance as on				
	Not Applicable		Not Applicable	

Rs.

In terms of our report attached.  
 For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner  
 Membership Number : 081603  
 Place:  
 Date:



  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
 Date:

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**(Part 2) - Estimates Used (Intangible Assets)**

As per the accounting policy followed by the Group, the fair value of consideration for construction services in respect of intangible assets covered under service concession arrangements of the Group, the useful lives of such intangible assets, the annual amortisation in respect thereof, and the provisions for overlay costs have been estimated by the management having regard to the contractual provisions, the evaluations of the units of usage and other technical evaluations by independent experts, the key elements having been tabulated below:

	<b>Upto March 31, 2018</b>
Margin on construction services recognised in respect of intangible assets (‘)	-
Amortisation charge in respect of intangible assets (‘)	-
	<b>As at March 31, 2018</b>
Carrying amounts of intangible assets (‘)	-
Carrying amounts of intangible assets under development (‘)	-
Provision for overlay in respect of intangible assets (‘)	-
	<b>For the year ended March 31, 2018</b>
Amortisation charge in respect of intangible assets (‘)	-

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amount Rs.</b>
Total estimated cost till the end of the construction period	-
Total estimated margin till the end of the construction period	-

<b>Particulars</b>	<b>Amount Rs.</b>
<b>Opening Margins till March 31, 2016</b>	-
<b>During the period under audit</b>	-
Construction Revenue	-
Construction Cost	-
<b>Margin</b>	-
<b>Margins Recognised till the balance sheet date upto March 31, 2018</b>	-

<b>Margin Percentage Applied on Construction Cost to recognise Construction Revenue</b>	
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--

In terms of our report attached.  
 For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner  
 Membership Number : 081603



Place:  
 Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
 Date:



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

## (Part 3) - Estimates Used (Financial Assets)

As per the accounting policy followed by the Group:-

Under a Service Concession Arrangement (SCA), where a Special Purpose Vehicle (SPV) has acquired contractual rights to receive specified determinable amounts (Annuity) for use of an asset, such amounts are recognised as "Financial Assets" and are disclosed as "Receivable against Service Concession Arrangements"

The value of a Financial Asset covered under a SCA includes the fair value estimate of the construction services which is estimated at the inception of the contract and is based on the fair value of the constructed asset and comprises of the actual construction cost, a margin as per the SCA, estimates of the future operating and maintenance costs, including overlay / renewal costs

The cash flows from a Financial Asset commences from the Provisional / Final Commercial Operation Date as certified by the granting authority for the SCA.

The cash flow from a Financial Asset is accounted using the effective interest rate method. The intrinsic interest element in each Annuity receipt is accounted as finance income and the balance amount is accounted towards recovery of dues from the "Receivable against Service Concession Arrangements"

These factors are consistent with the assumptions made in the previous years.

The key elements have been tabulated below:

	Upto / as at March 31, 2017 (Rupees)
Cumulative Margin on construction and operation & maintenance and renewal services recognised in respect of Financial Assets	43,92,15,364
Carrying amounts of Financial Assets included under Receivables against Service Concession Arrangements	2,41,79,51,892
Revenue recognised on Financial Assets on the basis of effective interest method	2,90,36,80,211

Particulars	Amount *
Total estimated cost till the end of the construction period	3,98,06,97,999
Total estimated margin till the end of the construction period	42,23,46,681

Particulars	Amount Rs.
March 31, 2017	43,73,68,720
Opening Margins as per last year notes	43,73,68,720
Construction Revenue	-
Construction Cost	-
O & M Revenue	3,33,28,748
O & M Cost	3,14,82,104
Periodic Maintenance Revenue	-
Periodic Maintenance Cost	-
Margin	18,46,644
Margins Recognised till the balance sheet date	43,92,15,364

Receivable on SCA as at March 31, 2018	2,41,79,51,892
----------------------------------------	----------------

Margin Percentage Applied on Construction Cost to recognise Construction Revenue	5.87%
----------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-------

Financial Income	Amount
Revenue recognised on Financial Assets on the basis of effective interest method	
Up to March 31, 2015	2,27,46,22,150
March 31, 2016	29,05,07,046
March 31, 2017	18,26,97,827
March 31, 2018	15,58,53,189
Total	2,90,36,80,211

## Financial Assets Reco:

Particulars	Current	Non-Current
Opening Receivables under Service Concession Arrangements		
	47,86,52,320	2,41,79,51,892
Add - Additions during the period / year	34,22,98,271	(15,89,95,221)
Less - Receipt of Annuity	30,30,00,000	35,89,55,371
Closing Receivables Balance as per Balance Sheet	51,79,50,591	1,90,00,01,301

In terms of our report attached.  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661H

G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 681803



For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

Place:  
Date:

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**(Part 4) - Other Information**

Significant terms of Service Concession Arrangements (SCA) are provided below.

Particulars	Project 1
Nature of Asset	Financial Asset
Year when SCA granted	3-Aug-07
Period	15 years from Commencement date i.e. 10/12/2007
Extension of period	No
Completed/Under Construction	Completed
Premature Termination	Premature termination is permitted only upon happening of a force majeure event or upon the parties defaulting on their obligation.
Special term	N.A.
Brief description of Concession	<p>As per the Service Concession agreement (SCA) dated August 31, 2007 with M/s Hyderabad Urban Development Authority ("HUDA") and Hyderabad Growth Corridor Limited, the Company is required to design, develop, finance, operate and maintain 8 lane access control expressway under phase II A programme as an extension of Phase I for outer ring road to Hyderabad city in the State of Andhra Pradesh, Build, Own and Transfer (Annuity) basis</p> <p>The Concession under the SCA has been granted to the Company for a period of 15 years from December 10, 2007.</p> <p>As per the SCA, the Company is required to operate and maintain the Project Highway by itself or through O&amp;M contractors and if required, modify, repair, improvements to the Project Highway to comply with specifications and standards, and other requirements set forth in the agreement, good industry practice, applicable laws and applicable permits.</p> <p>In consideration for performing its obligations under the SCA, the company is entitled to semi-annuity of Rs. 33.30 Crores on the dates specified. HUDA will retain the rights to levy and collect fees from the users of the Road and to permit advertisements, hoardings and other commercial activities at the Road site.</p> <p>At the end of the concession period, the company will hand over the Road to HUDA without additional consideration.</p>

In terms of our report attached.  
 For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner

Membership Number : 081603



Place:  
 Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
 Date:

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

List of Related Parties and transactions / balances with them not included in Related Party Disclosures in Notes to Accounts.-

Not Applicable

1. Name of the related parties and description of relationship:

Nature of Relationship with "ITNL"	Name of Entity	Acronym used
Holding Company :	NIL	NIL
Fellow Subsidiaries		
Associates :		
Co - Venture :		
Key Management personnel :		

2. Details of balances and transactions during the period with related parties

Account head	Name of Entity	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
Balances:		NIL	
Account head	Name of Entity	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
Transactions:		NIL	

3. Managerial Remuneration to Key Management Personnel (KMP) for Related Party Disclosure:

Name	Remuneration	Director's Sitting Fees	Rent	Interest payment	Others (Specify, if any) (See Note below)
Mr Ravi Parthasarathy	NIL		NIL		
Mr Hari Sankaran					
Mr Arun K Saha					
Mr Vibhav Kapoor					
Mr Manu Kochhar					
Mr Ramesh C Bawa					
Mr K Ramchand					
Mr Shahzaad Dalal					
Ms Vishpala Parthasarathy					
Ms Sulagna Saha					
Ms Nafisa Dalal					
Mr Faizaan Dalal					

Note: Please add respective columns for the ou ]

Part 2

1. Name of the related parties and description of relationship:

Nature of Relationship with "ITNL"	Name of Entity	Acronym used
Holding Company :	-	-
Fellow Subsidiaries	-	-
	-	-
	-	-
Associates :	-	-
	-	-
Co - Venture :	-	-
	-	-
Key Management personnel :	-	-
	-	-
	-	-

2. Details of balances and transactions during the period with related parties

Account head	Name of Entity	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
Balances:		NIL	
Account head	Name of Entity	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-17
Transactions:		NIL	

In terms of our clearance memorandum attached  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603

CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

Place:  
Date:



*Handwritten signature*



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

Variance Analysis with Comparatives:

All the Companies needs to provide reasons / justifications of variances in comparison with previous period

(1) Balance sheet

Liabilities	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	Increase / (Decrease)	Reasons for variance
<b>ASSETS</b>				
<b>Non-current Assets</b>				
(a) Property, plant and equipment	11,924.00	41,585.00	53,509.00	Due to depreciation for the current period
(b) Capital work-in-progress	-	-	-	
(c) Investment property	-	-	-	
(a) Intangible assets	-	-	-	
(i) Goodwill	-	-	-	
(ii) under SCA	-	-	-	
(iii) others	-	-	-	
(i) Intangible assets under development	-	-	-	
(e) Financial assets	-	-	-	
(i) Investments	-	-	-	
a) Investments in associates	-	-	-	
b) Investments in joint ventures	-	-	-	
c) Other investments	-	-	-	
(ii) Trade receivables	-	-	-	
(iii) Loans	-	-	-	
(iv) Other financial assets	1,90,00,13,301	2,40,85,49,437	(50,85,36,137)	Due to decrease in Receivable under Service Concession Arrangement
(f) Tax assets	-	-	-	
(i) Deferred Tax Asset (net)	-	-	-	
(ii) Current Tax Asset (Net)	7,26,77,166	5,28,86,572	1,97,90,594	Due to increase in Tax deduction
(b) Other non-current assets	4,85,56,151	4,85,56,151	-	
<b>Total Non-current Assets</b>	<b>2,02,12,58,542</b>	<b>2,51,00,33,745</b>	<b>(48,87,75,204)</b>	
<b>Current Assets</b>				
(a) Inventories	-	-	-	
(a) Financial assets	-	-	-	
(i) Investments	-	-	-	
(ii) Trade receivables	33,31,25,880.85	31,65,16,931.12	64,96,42,812	Due to Changes in ECL
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	3,54,66,607	2,18,58,182	1,36,08,424	Due to increase in bank balance
(iv) Bank balances other than (iii) above	-	10,12,34,001.00	10,12,34,001	Due to decrease in deposit
(v) Loans	-	-	-	
(vi) Other financial assets	52,08,09,477.45	46,67,14,624.37	1,00,95,24,102	Due to decrease in Receivable under Service Concession Arrangement and Increase GST On O&M Claim on authority
(c) Current tax assets (Net)	93,73,052.00	93,73,052.00	1,87,46,104	Due to increase in Tax deduction
(d) Other current assets	2,16,919.00	2,59,068.00	4,75,957	Due to Prepaid Charged to P&L
Assets classified as held for sale	-	-	-	
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>89,89,91,936</b>	<b>93,79,55,859</b>	<b>1,79,32,31,430</b>	
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>2,92,02,50,478</b>	<b>3,44,79,89,604</b>	<b>(52,77,39,126)</b>	
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>Equity</b>				
(a) Equity share capital:	29,31,00,000	29,31,00,000	-	
(b) Other Equity	21,77,60,112	35,59,29,892	(13,81,69,780)	Due to Loss in Current year
Equity attributable to owners of the Company	<b>51,08,60,112</b>	<b>64,90,29,892</b>	<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	
Non-controlling interests	-	-	-	
<b>Total Equity</b>	<b>51,08,60,112</b>	<b>64,90,29,892</b>	<b>1,15,98,90,004</b>	
<b>LIABILITIES</b>				
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>				
(a) Financial Liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	1,43,58,61,044	1,19,08,83,199	24,49,97,845	Due to repayment of loan and transfer to current maturities of long term borrowing
(ii) Trade payables	-	-	-	
(iii) Other financial liabilities:	-	-	-	
(b) Provisions:	-	-	-	
(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	-	-	-	
(d) Other non-current liabilities	-	-	-	
<b>Total Non-current Liabilities</b>	<b>1,43,58,61,044</b>	<b>1,19,08,83,199</b>	<b>24,49,97,845</b>	
<b>Current liabilities</b>				
(a) Financial liabilities				
(i) Borrowings	37,11,81,430	91,85,13,973	(54,73,32,543)	Due to loan repaid to Indusind bank Ltd
(i) Trade payables	2,47,35,162	33,97,969	2,13,37,213	Payment to vendors
(iii) Current maturities of long term debt	-	-	-	
(ii) Other financial liabilities	57,17,34,375	68,08,84,137	(10,91,49,762)	due to decrease in payable to related party
(b) Provisions	57,13,227	43,18,391	13,94,836	Provision for IE Fees
(c) Current tax liabilities (Net)	-	-	-	
(d) Other current liabilities	1,45,108	9,62,043	(8,16,935)	TDS Payable on Construction Activity
Liabilities directly associated with assets classified as held for sale	-	-	-	
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>97,25,09,322</b>	<b>1,60,80,76,513</b>	<b>(63,45,67,191)</b>	
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	<b>2,40,93,90,366</b>	<b>2,79,89,69,712</b>	<b>(38,95,69,346)</b>	
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>	<b>2,92,02,50,478</b>	<b>3,44,79,89,604</b>	<b>(52,77,39,126)</b>	



AK



## (2) Statement of Profit and Loss:

Statement of Profit and Loss	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	Increase / (Decrease)	Reasons for variance
<b>Income</b>				
Revenue from Operations	18,91,81,937	21,43,97,069	(2,52,15,133)	Due to increase in O&M Income and decrease in Finance Income
Other income	2,15,10,776	1,66,26,933	48,83,844	Decrease due to Interest Income on Bank deposit in current year
<b>Total Income</b>	<b>21,06,92,713</b>	<b>23,10,24,002</b>	<b>44,17,15,715</b>	
<b>Expenses</b>				
Cost of Material consumed	-	-	-	
Construction Costs	-	-	-	
Operating expenses	3,14,82,104	2,99,42,883	15,39,221	Due to increase in O&M Expense
Employee benefits expense	1,81,200	1,81,200	-	
Finance costs (net)	30,15,58,935	34,04,21,789	(3,88,62,854)	Due to repayment of Principal, interest expense decrease
Depreciation and amortisation expense	29,661	49,972	(20,311)	
Other expenses	1,56,10,593	77,18,227	78,92,366	
<b>Total expenses</b>	<b>34,88,62,493</b>	<b>37,83,14,071</b>	<b>(2,94,51,578)</b>	
Add: Share of profit/(loss) of associates	-	-	-	
Add: Share of profit/(loss) of joint ventures	-	-	-	
Profit before exceptional items and tax	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)	(28,54,59,849)	
Add: Exceptional items	-	-	-	
Profit before tax (I)	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)	91,20,289	
Less: Tax expense (II)				
(1) Current tax	-	-	-	
(2) Deferred tax	-	-	-	
Profit for the period from continuing operations (I)	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)	(28,54,59,849)	Due to above
Profit from discontinued operations before tax	-	-	-	
Tax expense of discontinued operations	-	-	-	
Profit from discontinued operations (after tax) (II)	-	-	-	
Profit for the period (III) = (I) - (II)	(13,81,69,780)	(14,72,90,069)	91,20,289	Due to above
<b>Other Comprehensive Income</b>				
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	
A (ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	
B (i) Items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	
B (ii) Income tax relating to items that may be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	
<b>Total other comprehensive income</b>				
<b>Total comprehensive income for the period</b>	<b>(13,81,69,780)</b>	<b>(14,72,90,069)</b>	<b>91,20,289</b>	Due to above

In terms of our report attached.  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603



CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

Place:  
Date:



EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

Utilisation of fund investments by Parent Company in Toll Project Company under construction as of March 31, 2018

Project Company	Financial Year of Investment	Instrument	Name of Parent company	Incremental Investment by Parent Company in Project Company (Rs )	Amount used in project / construction activity by Project Company (Rs)	Amount used for general administrative expenses by Project Company (Rs)	Amount lying in FD, cash / bank balance (Rs)	Amount used for any other purposes (Pls define) by Project Company (Rs)	Project Status / Operational / Under construction	Project Commissioning date	Remarks (if any)	
EHEL	For 2015-16	Equity shares	ITNL									
		Adv - Invst										
		Pref shares Others (Pls specify)										
	For 2016-17	Equity shares										
		Adv - Invst										
		Pref shares Others (Pls specify)										
	For 2017-18	Equity shares	ITNL									
		Adv - Invst										
		Pref shares										
Others (Pls specify) Sub Debt Short Term Loan												

EHEL	As of March 31, 2018	Equity shares									
		Adv - Invst									
		Pref shares Others (Pls specify)									

In terms of our report attached.

For Gianender & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 004864N



G K Agarwal

Partner

Membership Number : 081603

Place:

Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date:

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
FCFR WORKING FOR CASHFLOW PURPOSE MARCH 2018

Opening Exchange Rate  
Closing Exchange Rate  
Capital transaction av  
Average Exchange rate

Not Applicable

(In currency of respective foreign companies)

	As at March	March 2018	March 2017	Difference in INR	Difference in FC	Exchange Rate	Amount in INR	Expected March	FCFR Difference	Adjustment for	FCFR Difference	In Cash
	31 2018	31 18	31 17					Final Measurement - (Net)				
<b>ASSETS</b>												
<b>Non-current Assets</b>												
(i) Property, plant and equipment						8.60						#DIV/0!
(ii) Intangible assets						8.60						#DIV/0!
(iii) Financial assets						8.60						#DIV/0!
(iv) Investments in associates						8.60						#DIV/0!
(v) Other non-current assets						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Non-current Assets</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Current Assets</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
(i) Cash and cash equivalents						8.60						#DIV/0!
(ii) Receivables						8.60						#DIV/0!
(iii) Inventories						8.60						#DIV/0!
(iv) Prepaid expenses and other current assets						8.60						#DIV/0!
(v) Loans receivable						8.60						#DIV/0!
(vi) Other non-current assets						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Current Assets</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Assets</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>												
<b>Equity</b>												
(i) Shareholders' equity						8.56						#DIV/0!
(ii) Other Equity						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Equity</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>LIABILITIES</b>												
<b>Non-current Liabilities</b>												
(i) Trade payables						8.60						#DIV/0!
(ii) Other non-current liabilities						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Non-current Liabilities</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Current Liabilities</b>												
(i) Trade payables						8.60						#DIV/0!
(ii) Other current liabilities						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>						8.60						#DIV/0!

Should Tally with the FCFR Movement FY 2018-17  
FCFR Difference  
Movement  
Difference



For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

CFO / Authorized Signatory

Place  
Date

In terms of our report attached  
For Gianender & Associates  
Firm Registration No. 304881N

D. P. Aggarwal  
Chartered Accountant  
Firm Registration Number: 081602  
Place: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

1 Capital management

The Group endeavours to maintain sufficient levels of working capital, current assets, and current liabilities which helps the company to meet its expense obligations while also maintaining sufficient cash flow

The capital structure of the Group consists of net debt (borrowings as detailed in notes 18 offset by cash and bank balances) and equity of the Company (comprising issued capital, reserves, retained earnings and non-controlling interests as detailed in notes 15 to 17). The capital structure of the Group is reviewed by the management on a periodic basis.

1.1 Gearing ratio

The gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Debt (i)	2,20,13,48,104	2,61,28,32,563
Cash and bank balances (including cash and bank balances in a disposal company held for sale)	3,54,66,607	2,18,58,182
Net debt	2,16,58,81,497	2,59,09,74,381
Total Equity (ii)	51,08,60,112	64,90,29,892
Net debt to total equity ratio	4.24	3.99

Footnotes:

(i) Debt is defined as long- and short-term borrowings including interest accrued (excluding derivative), as described in notes 18

(ii) Equity includes all capital and reserves of the Company that are managed as capital.

In order to achieve its overall objective, the Group's risk management committee, amongst other things, aims to ensure that it meets the financial covenants attached to the borrowings. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to seek action as per terms of the agreement.

2 Categories of financial instruments

Particulars	Rs.	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
<b>Financial assets</b>		
<u>Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)</u>		
Investment in equity instruments	-	-
<u>Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge</u>	-	-
<u>At amortised cost</u>		
Investment in equity instruments		
Loans	-	-
Trade receivables	33,31,25,881	31,65,16,931
Cash & cash equivalents; and bank balances (including Balances with Banks in deposit accounts under lien)	3,54,66,607	2,18,58,182
SCA receivable	-	-
Other financial assets (excluding Balances with Banks in deposit accounts under lien)	12,000	6,59,850
<b>Financial liabilities</b>		
<u>Financial Liabilities</u>		
<u>Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge</u>	-	-
<u>At amortised cost</u>		
Borrowings (including interest accrued)	2,20,13,48,104	2,61,28,32,563
Trade payables	2,47,35,182	33,97,969
Other financial liabilities (excluding interest accrued)	17,74,48,745	17,74,48,746

In terms of our report attached.

For Gianender & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 004661N

G K Agarwal

Partner

Membership Number : 081603

Place:

Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date:

**3 Financial risk management objectives**  
The Company's Corporate Treasury function monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of The Company. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Company seeks to minimise the effects of these risks by using derivative financial instruments to hedge risk exposures. The use of financial derivatives is governed by the Board of Directors, which provides written principles on foreign exchange risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, the use of financial derivatives and non-derivative financial instruments, and the investment of excess liquidity. Compliance with policies and exposure limits is reviewed by the internal auditors on a continuous basis. The Company does not enter into or trade in financial instruments, including derivative financial instruments, for speculative purposes. The Corporate Treasury function reports to The Company's risk management committee, an independent body that monitors risks and policies implemented to mitigate risk exposures.

**4 Market risk**

The Company does not have activities that exposes it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. The Company enters into cross currency interest rate swaps to mitigate the risk of rising interest rates to manage its exposure to foreign currency risk and interest rate risk. There has been no change to The Company's exposure to market risks or the manner in which these risks are managed and measured.

**5 Foreign currency risk management**

The company undertakes transactions denominated in foreign currencies; consequently, exposures to exchange rate fluctuations arise. Exchange rate exposures are managed within approved policy parameters utilising forward foreign exchange contracts and/or cross currency swaps.

The carrying amounts of the company's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows.

Particulars	ITNL and its subsidiaries				Other than ITNL and its subsidiaries				Total			
	Liabilities as at (INR)		Assets as at (INR)		Liabilities as at (INR)		Assets as at (INR)		Liabilities as at (INR)		Assets as at (INR)	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
USD												
Euro												
CNY												
AED												
VND												
Botswana Pula												
Dominican Peso												
Ethiopian Birr												
Mexican Peso												
Other currencies												

**5.1 Foreign currency sensitivity analysis**

The company is mainly exposed to the US Dollars, Euro, Chinese Yuan and Arab Emirates Dirham.

The following table details the company's sensitivity to a 10% increase and decrease in the ₹ against the relevant foreign currencies. 10% sensitivity indicates management's assessment of the reasonable possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis includes only outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items and adjusts their translation at the period end for a 10% change in foreign currency rates.

Profit or loss Equity	USD		Euro		CNY		AED		Add other Currencies	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017

In management's opinion, the sensitivity analysis is unrepresentative of the inherent foreign exchange risk because the exposure at the end of the reporting period does not reflect the exposure during the year.

**5.2 Cross currency swap contracts**

Under these swap contracts, the company agrees to exchange the difference between fixed interest amounts based on functional currency notional principal amounts and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed foreign currency notional principal amounts. The Company agrees to exchange the difference between the functional currency notional principal amount and the amount calculated based on the spot exchange rates on the foreign currency notional principal amount on specified dates. Such contracts enable the company to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates and foreign exchange rates on the cash flows of issued foreign currency variable rate debt. The fair value of these swaps at the end of the reporting period is determined by discounting the future cash flows using the foreign currency and interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period and the credit risk inherent in these contracts.

The company has tested the hedge effectiveness through critical term matching (CTM) approach. Hedge Effectiveness Testing is assessed at designation date of the hedging relationship, and on an ongoing basis till the maturity of the hedging instrument and hedge item. The ongoing assessment is performed at a minimum at each reporting date or upon a significant change in circumstances affecting the hedge effectiveness requirements, whichever comes first. Any change in the critical terms of the hedge item and Hedge instrument over the life of hedge will lead to discontinuation of the hedging relationship. As the critical terms of the hedged item and the hedging instrument (notional, start date, strike / contracted rate) are matching and cashflows are offsetting, hence economic relationship exists. This also confirms that the hedging instrument and hedged item have values that generally move in the opposite direction because of the same hedged risk. The company's intention is to keep currency risk hedged all the time and will keep rolling forwards or enter in to new swap till maturity of the hedged item.



*(Handwritten signature)*



**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**

The following tables detail the notional principal amounts and remaining terms of interest rate swap contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

Outstanding receive floating pay fixed contracts	Foreign currency-CNY		Average exchange rate		Average contracted		Notional principal value		Fair value assets (liabilities)	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Buy US Dollar										
Less than 1 year										
1 to 3 years										
3 to 5 years										
5 years +										
<b>Total</b>										

Outstanding receive floating pay fixed contracts	Foreign currency-CNY		Average exchange rate		Average contracted		Notional principal value		Fair value assets (liabilities)	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Up to 1 year										
1 to 3 years										
3 to 5 years										
More than 5 years										
<b>Total</b>										

The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The floating rate on the interest rate swaps is the 3 months LIBOR. The company will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.

All interest rate swap contracts exchanging floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the company's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss over the period that the floating rate interest payments on debt affect profit or loss.

**6 Interest rate risk management**

The company is exposed to interest rate risk because it borrows funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The risk is managed by the company by maintaining an appropriate mix between fixed and floating rate borrowings.

The company's exposures to interest rates on financial assets and financial liabilities are detailed in the liquidity risk management section of this note.

**6.1 Interest rate sensitivity analysis**

The sensitivity analyses below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for both derivatives and non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate liabilities, the analysis is prepared assuming the amount of the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 50 basis point increase or decrease represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the company's:

If interest rates had been 50 basis points higher/lower and all other variables were held constant, the company's loss for the year ended March 31, 2018, March 31, 2017 would increase/decrease by ₹ Million 10.92/-, ₹13.00/-)

**6.2 Interest rate swap contracts**

Under interest rate swap contracts, the company agrees to exchange the difference between fixed and floating rate interest amounts calculated on agreed notional principal amounts. Such contracts enable the company to mitigate the risk of changing interest rates on the fair value of issued fixed rate debt and the cash flow exposures on the issued variable rate debt. The fair value of interest rate swaps at the end of the reporting period is determined by discounting the future cash flows using the curves at the end of the reporting period and the credit risk inherent in the contract, and is disclosed below. The average interest rate is based on the outstanding balances at the end of the reporting period.

The following tables detail the notional principal amounts and remaining terms of interest rate swap contracts outstanding at the end of the reporting period.

**Cash flow hedges**

Outstanding receive floating pay fixed contracts	Average contracted fixed interest rate		Notional principal value		Fair value assets (liabilities)	
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017
Less than 1 year						
1 to 3 years						
3 to 5 years						
5 years +						
<b>Total</b>						

The interest rate swaps settle on a quarterly basis. The floating rate on the interest rate swaps is the local interbank rate of India. The company will settle the difference between the fixed and floating interest rate on a net basis.

All interest rate swap contracts exchanging floating rate interest amounts for fixed rate interest amounts are designated as cash flow hedges in order to reduce the company's cash flow exposure resulting from variable interest rates on borrowings. The interest rate swaps and the interest payments on the loan occur simultaneously and the amount accumulated in equity is reclassified to profit or loss over the period that the floating rate interest payments on debt affect profit or loss.



The company is exposed to equity price risks arising from equity investments which is not material.

#### 8 Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to The Company. The Management of The Company believes that the credit risk is negligible since its main receivable is from the grantors of the concession which is a government authority. Further, in respect of other receivables, The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties.

The Company has significant credit exposure to mainly two parties :

1. National Highways Authority of India- ₹ NIL (March 31, 2017 ₹Nil)
2. State Government Authorities ₹ 2,74,50,33,069/- (March 31, 2017 ₹ 3,20,42,17,553/-)

The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

#### 9 Liquidity risk management

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows, and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. The endeavour of The Company is to constantly improve the ratio of short term to long term maturity profile so as to minimise the risk of having to refinance the borrowing at regular short intervals.

##### 9.1 Liquidity and interest risk tables

The following tables detail the company's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The tables have been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the company can be required to pay. The tables include both interest and principal cash flows. To the extent that interest flows are floating rate, the undiscounted amount is derived from interest rate curves at the end of the reporting period. The contractual maturity is based on the earliest date on which the company may be required to pay.

Particulars	ITNL and its subsidiaries					
	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017		
	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments
Upto 1 year	23,881,528		451,541,909	3,031,141		542,316,698
1-3 years			735,604,274			
3-5 years						
More than 5 years						
<b>Total</b>	<b>23,881,528</b>		<b>1,187,146,183</b>	<b>3,031,141</b>		<b>542,316,698</b>
Particulars	Other Entities					
	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017		
	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments
Upto 1 year	853,654	494,268,731		366,828	500,367,355.94	629,190,726
1-3 years	177,448,745	922,100,462		177,448,746	987,243,237	
3-5 years					429,125,956	
More than 5 years						
<b>Total</b>	<b>178,302,399</b>	<b>1,416,369,193</b>		<b>177,815,574</b>	<b>1,916,736,549</b>	<b>629,190,726</b>

The amounts included above for financial guarantee contracts are the maximum amounts the company could be forced to settle under the arrangement for the full guaranteed amount if that amount is claimed by the counterparty to the guarantee. Based on expectations at the end of the reporting period, the company considers that it is more likely than not that such an amount will not be payable under the arrangement. However, this estimate is subject to change depending on the probability of the counterparty claiming under the guarantee which is a function of the likelihood that the financial receivables held by the counterparty which are guaranteed suffer credit losses.





**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
 The following table details the company's expected maturity for its non-derivative financial assets. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual maturities of the financial assets including interest that will be earned on those assets. The inclusion of information on non-derivative financial assets is necessary in order to understand the company's liquidity risk management as the liquidity is managed on a net asset and liability basis.

Particulars	ITNL and its subsidiaries					
	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017			
	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing instruments	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments
Upto 1 year						
1-3 years						
3-5 years						
More than 5 years						
<b>Total</b>						

Particulars	Other Entities					
	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017			
	Non-interest bearing	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments	Non-interest bearing instruments	Variable interest rate instruments	Fixed interest rate instruments
Upto 1 year	371,463,374		647,116,543	339,034,963		628,626,622.60
1-3 years			1,256,672,863			1,276,320,031
3-5 years			833,153,471			1,252,958,072
More than 5 years			2,736,942,876	339,034,963		207,664,773
<b>Total</b>	<b>371,463,374</b>					<b>3,365,569,498</b>

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for both non-derivative financial assets and liabilities is subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ to those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

The following table details the company's liquidity analysis for its derivative financial instruments. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted contractual net cash inflows and outflows on derivative instruments that settle on a net basis, and the undiscounted gross inflows and outflows on those derivatives that require gross settlement. When the amount payable or receivable is not fixed, the amount disclosed has been determined by reference to the projected interest rates as illustrated by the yield curves at the end of the reporting period.

Particulars	March 31, 2018		March 31, 2017	
	Interest rate swaps	Cross Currency Swaps	Interest rate swaps	Cross Currency Swaps
Upto 1 year				
1-3 years				
3-5 years				
More than 5 years				

In terms of our report attached  
**For Gianender & Associates**  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N



*G K Agarwal*  
**G K Agarwal**  
 Partner

CFO / Authorised Signatory

Membership Number : 081603  
 Place:  
 Date:

Place:  
 Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

10 Fair value measurements

This note provides information about how the company determines fair values of various financial assets and financial liabilities.

10.1 Fair value of the Company's material financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

Some of the company's financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value at the end of each reporting period. The following table gives information about how the fair values of these financial assets and financial liabilities are determined (in particular, the valuation technique(s) and inputs used).

Financial assets/ (financial liabilities)	Fair value		Fair value hierarchy	Valuation technique(s) and key input(s)	Significant unobservable input(s)	Relationship of
	As at March 31, 2018	As at March 31, 2017				
1) Interest rate swaps			Level 2	Discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates (from observable yield curves at the end of the reporting period) and contract interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.	None	None
2) Interest rate cross currency swaps			Level 2	Discounted cash flow. Future cash flows are estimated based on forward interest rates (from observable yield curves at the end of the reporting period) and contract interest rates, discounted at a rate that reflects the credit risk of various counterparties.	None	None
3) Investment in equity shares of			Level 3	Net assets value of the investee company based on its audited financial statements	Net assets of the investee company	Direct

10.2 Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities that are not measured at fair value (but fair value disclosures are required)

	ITNL Group Entities				Other Entities			
	As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017		As at March 31, 2018		As at March 31, 2017	
	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value	Carrying amount	Fair value
<b>Financial assets</b>								
Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)								
Investment in equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
At amortised cost								
Investment in equity instruments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	33,31,25,881	33,31,25,881	31,65,16,931	31,65,16,931
Cash & cash equivalents; and bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
SCA receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	12,000	12,000	6,59,850	6,59,850
Financial assets at FV at deemed cost :								
Investment in associates and joint venture								
<b>Financial liabilities</b>								
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge								
At amortised cost								
Borrowings	1,01,00,37,889	1,01,00,37,889	1,07,98,06,192	1,07,98,06,192	1,19,13,10,115	1,19,13,10,115	1,53,30,26,371	1,53,30,26,371
Trade payables	2,38,81,528	2,38,81,528	30,31,141	30,31,141	8,53,654	8,53,654	3,66,828	3,66,828
Other financial liabilities					17,74,48,745	17,74,48,745	17,74,48,746	17,74,48,746

Fair value hierarchy	Particulars	As at March 31, 2018			As at March 31, 2017		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
<b>Financial assets</b>							
Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)							
Investment in equity instruments							
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge							
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost							
Investment in equity instruments							
Loans							
Trade receivables			33,31,25,881			31,65,16,931	
Cash & cash equivalents; and bank balances			-			-	
SCA receivable			-			-	
Other financial assets			12,000			6,59,850	
Financial assets at FV at deemed cost :							
Investment in associates and joint venture							
<b>Financial liabilities</b>							
Derivative instruments designated as cash flow hedge							
At amortised cost							
Borrowings			2,20,13,48,104			2,61,28,32,563	
Trade payables			2,47,35,182			33,97,969	
Other financial liabilities			17,74,48,745			17,74,48,746	

The fair values of the financial assets and financial liabilities above have been determined in accordance with generally accepted pricing models based on a discounted cash flow analysis, with the most significant inputs being the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

In terms of our report attached,  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No: 044661N

C K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603  
Place:  
Date:



For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

CFO Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

*Handwritten signature*

Type of Borrowing	Terms of Loans	Range for rate of interest	ITN and its subsidiaries			IL&S Group Companies			Other than IL&S Companies	Total	Frequency of Payments
			Parent (i.e. ITN)	Subsidiaries	Jointly Controlled Entities	Parent (i.e. IL&S)	Subsidiaries	Jointly Controlled Entities			
Secured:											
Debentures	1-3 years	< = 7.00%									
		7.01% to 8.00%									
		8.01% to 11.00%									
		11.01% to 14.00%									
	3-5 years	More than 14%									
		Fixed Deposit									
		USDR + 10 bps									
		Other (Specify)									
	5-8 years	< = 7.00%									
		7.01% to 8.00%									
		8.01% to 11.00%									
		11.01% to 14.00%									
8-10 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
10-15 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
15-20 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
20-25 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
25-30 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
30-35 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
35-40 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
40-45 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
45-50 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
50-55 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
55-60 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
60-65 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
65-70 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
70-75 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
75-80 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
80-85 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
85-90 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
90-95 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
95-100 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
Total	1-3 years								1,19,53,38,125	1,19,53,38,125	
	4-10 years										
Unsecured:											
Subordinated Debt	1-3 years	< = 7.00%									
		7.01% to 8.00%									
		8.01% to 11.00%									
		11.01% to 14.00%									
	3-5 years	More than 14%									
		Fixed Deposit									
		USDR + 10 bps									
		Other (Specify)									
	5-8 years	< = 7.00%									
		7.01% to 8.00%									
		8.01% to 11.00%									
		11.01% to 14.00%									
8-10 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
10-15 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
15-20 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
20-25 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
25-30 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
30-35 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
35-40 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
40-45 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
45-50 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
50-55 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
55-60 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
60-65 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
65-70 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
70-75 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
75-80 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
80-85 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
85-90 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										
90-95 years	< = 7.00%										
	7.01% to 8.00%										
	8.01% to 11.00%										
	11.01% to 14.00%										
95-100 years	More than 14%										
	Fixed Deposit										
	USDR + 10 bps										
	Other (Specify)										



Handwritten signature or initials.













Bonds

Term	Interest Rate	LIBOR + 10 bps	Others (Specify)	Amount	Frequency	
3-5 years	7.01% to 8.00%					
	9.01% to 11.00%					
	11.01% to 14.00%					
	More than 14%					
	Zero Coupon					
	LIBOR + 10 bps					
	Others (Specify)					
	> 5 years	< = 7.00 %				
		7.01% to 9.00%				
		9.01% to 11.00%				
		11.01% to 14.00%				
		More than 14%				
Zero Coupon						
LIBOR + 10 bps						
Others (Specify)						
1-3 years		< = 7.00 %				
		7.01% to 9.00%			14,85,71,430	Half yearly
		9.01% to 11.00%				
		11.01% to 14.00%			45,00,00,000	on maturity
	More than 14%					
	LIBOR + 10 bps					
	Others (Specify)					
	3-5 years	< = 7.00 %				
		7.01% to 9.00%				
		9.01% to 11.00%				
		11.01% to 14.00%				
		More than 14%				
LIBOR + 10 bps						
Others (Specify)						
> 5 years		< = 7.00 %				
		7.01% to 9.00%				
		9.01% to 11.00%				
		11.01% to 14.00%				
		More than 14%				
	LIBOR + 10 bps					
	Others (Specify)					
	1-3 years	Euribor + 3.5%				
		Fixed 6.40%				
		EURIBOR + 137 bps				
		EUR 1 + 3.5%				
		Fixed (4.092%)				
Variable EUR 1 + 3.5%						
1st Yr 4.95%, rest EUR +4.50%						
0 to 24 month 3% / Eur 1Y + 3%						
EUR + 2.5%						
Fixed 3.15%						
Eur 1A* 2.84%						
Fixed 75 bps						
Euribor + 3.2%						
ICAPEUR 0 + 1.30%						
Others (Specify)						

Term Loans



JK



(i) Following are the details of outstanding Derivative Contracts

• Fair value hedge

Particulars	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017		
	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value
For e.g. Interest Rate Swaps						

• Cash flow hedge

Particulars	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017		
	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value
<b>USD*</b>						
Swaps						
Forward Contract			NIL			
<b>EURO*</b>						
Swaps						
Forward Contract			NIL			
Compin Swaps						

\* Currency wise Information needs to be provided

• Other than Fair value hedge

Particulars	March 31, 2018			March 31, 2017		
	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value	Contracts (Nos.)	Notional Amount of co	Fair Value
For e.g. Interest Rate Swaps			NIL			

(ii) The Movement in Cash Flow Hedges for the year ended March 31, 2018 is as follows

Particulars	Amount
Opening balance	NIL
Gain / (Loss) recognized during the year	
Amount transferred to statement of profit and loss account under finance charges	
Transfer to Minority	
Closing balance	

(iii) The carrying amounts of foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the end of the reporting period are as follows :

I Assets	Foreign Currency	Current Year			Previous Year		
		Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs	Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs
Receivables (trade and other)							
Other Monetary assets (e.g. BCDs/Loans given in FC)							
<b>Total Receivables (A)</b>				NIL			
Hedges by derivative and forward contracts (B)							
Unhedged receivables (C=A-B)							

II Liabilities	Foreign Currency	Current Year			Previous Year		
		Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs	Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs
Payables (trade and other)							
Borrowings (e.g. ECB and others)							
<b>Total Payables (D)</b>				NIL			
Hedges by derivative and forward contracts (E)							
Unhedged Payables (F=D-E)							

in million

III Contingent Liabilities and Commitments	Foreign Currency	Current Year			Previous Year		
		Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs	Exchange Rate	Amount in Foreign Currency	Amount in Rs
Contingent Liabilities							
Commitments							
<b>Total (G)</b>				NIL			
Hedges by derivative and forward contracts (H)							
Unhedged Payable (I=G-H)							
<b>Total unhedged FC Exposures (J=C+F+I)</b>							

In terms of our report attached.  
For Glanender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration No. 081661N

G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603  
Place:  
Date:



For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

*Handwritten signature*  
CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**Projected operating cash flow-Annuity Projects**


	31-Mar-18	31-Mar-19	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-22	31-Mar-23
Annuity	66,19,55,371	1,00,23,65,000	66,60,00,000	66,60,00,000	66,60,00,000	66,60,00,000
Less						
O&M	31482102.39	3,30,56,208	3,47,57,728	3,63,95,760	3,82,66,693	2,75,49,257
Overlay	30,25,09,003	-	-	-	-	40,53,90,996
Net Inflow	32,79,64,265	96,93,08,792	63,12,42,272	62,96,04,240	62,77,33,307	23,30,59,747

In terms of our report attached.  
 For Gianender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 004661N

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

  
 G K Agarwal  
 Partner  
 Membership Number : 081603  
 Place:  
 Date:



  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
 Date:





**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**Details of ICP Difference on account of Ind AS Adjustments**

**For ITNL Group Companies**

Name of Entity	GI code as per Hyperion CoA	GI name as per Hyperion CoA	Name of ICP (related party)	Debit (Rs.)	Credit (Rs.)	Nature of Transactions
			NIL			

**For ILFS Group Companies**

Name of Entity	GI code as per Hyperion CoA	GI name as per Hyperion CoA	Name of ICP (related party)	Debit (Rs.)	Credit (Rs.)	Nature of Transactions
			NIL			

In terms of our report attached.

For Gianender & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 091649



G X Ajarwal

Partner

Membership Number: 108150

Place:

Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date:

**EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED**  
**Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018**

**Movement of Prepaid / Unamortised Expenses of Inter-Company Balances**

Company Name - Amortising Expenses	Corresponding Company - recognizing Income - Specify Nature of Income	Year	Account Code and Head	Balance as at March 31, 2017	Transfer to Expense (Specify nature of expense)	Transfer to Fixed Assets	Charged to Reserves (Specify reserve)	Addition During the period	Transfer from Non-current to current	FCTR Difference	Balance as on March 31, 2018
					NIL						
<b>Total</b>											

In terms of our report attached,  
 For Giamcender & Associates  
 Chartered Accountants  
 Firm Registration no. 0044661X



G K Agarwal  
 Partner  
 Membership Number: 0081003  
 Place:  
 Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

*[Signature]*  
 CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
 Date:

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

Impact as per Ind AS 115

Name of Entity	Line item as per Financials	Impact (Rs.) (ITNL and Subsidiaries)	Impact (Rs.) (Other Entities)
	NIL		

In terms of our report attached,  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N



G K Agarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number : 081603

Place:  
Date:

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

EAST HYDERABAD EXPRESSWAY LIMITED  
Audit for the year ended March 31, 2018

Annexure - 17

	Opening Balance (Rs on 31st March 2017)	Additions	Repayments	Assignments	Foreign Exchange movement	EIF Impact	Unamortised borrowing cost	Closing balance (as on 31st March 2018)
<b>Secured - at amortised cost</b>								
(i) Bonds / debentures								
- from ITRL and Subsidiaries								
- from other related parties								
(ii) Term loans	1,53,87,56,125		(34,54,00,000)					1,19,33,56,125
- from banks								
- from financial institutions								
- from ITRL and Subsidiaries								
- from other related parties								
- from other parties								
(iii) Deposits								
(iv) Long term maturities of finance lease obligations								
(v) Other loans								
- Redeemable preference share capital								
- Secured Deferred Payment Liabilities								
<b>Unsecured - at amortised cost</b>								
(i) Bonds / debentures								
- from ITRL and Subsidiaries								
- from other related parties								
- from other parties								
(ii) Term loans	59,85,71,430		(59,85,71,430)					
- from banks		62,10,00,000						62,10,00,000
- from financial institutions - Related party								
- from ITRL and Subsidiaries								
- from other related parties	46,85,13,973	3,02,28,40,952	(4,12,01,73,495)					37,11,81,430
- from other parties								
(iii) Deposits								
(iv) Finance lease obligations								
(v) Commercial paper								
Unexpired discount								
(vi) Other loans								
- Redeemable preference share capital								
<b>Sub total (A)</b>	<b>2,60,58,43,528</b>	<b>3,64,38,40,952</b>	<b>(4,06,41,44,935)</b>					<b>2,18,55,39,555</b>
<b>Secured - at amortised cost</b>								
- Term loans from banks (do not give movement)								
<b>Unsecured - at amortised cost</b>								
- Term loans from banks (do not give movement)								
<b>Sub total (B)</b>	<b>0</b>							<b>0</b>
<b>Total Borrowings (A+B)</b>	<b>2,60,58,43,528</b>							<b>2,18,55,39,555</b>
<b>Borrowings as per Financials</b>								
Long term Borrowings	1,53,87,56,125							1,19,33,56,125
Current maturities of long term debt								
Current maturities of finance lease obligations	1,06,70,87,403							99,21,81,430
Short term borrowing	2,00,50,41,528							2,18,55,39,555
<b>Total</b>								
<b>Check - to be zero</b>								

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

In terms of our report attached  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 011/2017-18  
New Delhi



*(Signature)*  
CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:  
Date:

G K Aggarwal  
Partner  
Membership Number: 081802  
Place:  
Date:

**List of Consolidating Entities**

Part -1

( All the Companies submitting Consolidated Accounts needs to submit detail list of consolidated

NOT APPLICABLE

**Minority Interest (Non-controlling interests )**

Part -2

NOT APPLICABLE

**Investment in Associates**

Part -3

NOT APPLICABLE

**Format for Disclosure of Share of Joint Ventures in notes to accounts**

Part 4

NOT APPLICABLE

**The financial position and results of the Companies which became subsidiaries / ceased to be**

Part -5

NOT APPLICABLE

**Statement containing salient features of the Financial Statements of Subsidiaries / Associate**

Part -6

NOT APPLICABLE

**Additional Disclosure as per Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Consolidated**

Part -7

NOT APPLICABLE

In terms of our report attached.  
For Gianender & Associates  
Chartered Accountants  
Firm Registration no. 004661N

For East Hyderabad Expressway Limited

G K Agarwal  
Partner

Membership Number : 081603

Place:

Date:

*GK*  
*27/4/18*



*Horde*  
CFO / Authorised Signatory

Place:

Date: